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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

VOL. XXXII NO. 60 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1944. Price: 2 Annas Sunday 12th:

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Added Attraction

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World Peace Through Disarmament

Sastri Exposes Atlantic Charter & Warns Against Repetition Of Versailles

That India should be properly, adequately and honourably represented at the Peace Conference was the plea put forward by the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri speaking on "Abolition of War" at the hall of the South Indian Education Society's School, Matunga on Thursday night.

Developing his subject fully in a two-hour speech Mr. Sastry said that not only for the sake of India, but for the sake of Asia, for the sake of the East and for the sake of the coloured people of the earth, who far outnumbered the whites but were tyrannised and suppressed by the whites, India must send brave, upstanding, independent men and take an honourable share in the shaping of world peace.

WHERE VERSAILLES FAILED

"The abolition of war from Human Affairs is the greatest interest of humanity to-day. It was expected confidently at the conclusion of the last war but owing to a serious defect in the peace terms at Versailles that great hope was blasted and we are now in the midst of a far greater and more devastating war. With the progress of science and the facilities for the destruction of life and property that it brings with it a future war will be an almost intolerable catastrophe and might see what we this time hope to escape—the utter destruction of our civilisation. Nothing, therefore is looked forward to at the moment by millions upon millions of people all the world over, nothing is looked up to with greater expectancy and greater prayerfulness than the conclusion of arrangements at the next peace conference—arrangements that would ensure for us in all the continents, a cessation of this scourge."

Continuing the speaker said:—"If mankind is at all teachable there should be no more war. We have suffered so much that we can suffer no more. So much life has been lost and in such ways that he must be a demon who contemplates the repetition of these dire events. Property has been destroyed, homes have been ravaged, families have been scaffered, men have been maimed, blinded, rendered deaf and deprived, partially and wholly and in calamitous ways of their reason. You can have no idea in our country of what war means to those who have participated in it or to those others, who remaining in their homes have still felt the horrid touch of war and suffered no less than if they were on the field of battle. Yes. If we can learn a lesson, or to be more particular, if those who go to the Peace Conference as the representatives of the different nations have learnt the lesson, they would make all the sacrifice necessary for the ensuring of permanent and durable peace."

ELIMINATE ALL WARS

"Everything makes it necessary, absolutely necessary for us to see that it is not possible, that it is not necessary for any nation in future to obtain satisfaction by resort to this catastrophic expedient. It is too much to hope that in any future we can contemplate, however happy it may be, no cause of war, no acute differences will occur to divide the Nations one from another. So long as mankind divides itself into different nations with different governments, different interests, different ideologies, different ambitions; so long as there are people considering themselves politically and economically distinct from one another, so long differences, not easy of settlement, may, now and again be expected to disturb the smoothness of human Affairs. But instead of going to war to settle them we are bound to devise means, which will eliminate wars and make it impossible for nations to exert the pressure of force upon those with whom they have differences."

Analysing these means Mr. Sastri pointed out two such devises. One was the method of adjudication in a regular court of law or the method of arbitration. "The nations must agree, however acute their feelings may be, however deeply engaged their pride may be, nations must agree to abide by decisions arrived at in this way, whether the proceedings go in their favour or against them, and whatever the loss they may conceive themselves to have been put, instead of resorting to the uncertain and calamitous method of war."

Mr. Sastri went on to point how the idea of sovereignty involving the right to make war or peace had stood in the way of such a development. It was hard for the nations to surrender this power But mankind had reached a stage when in the interest of the race nations must agree to surrender these powers. The League of Nations which was set up after the last war proved a failure because it could only advise or entreat the combatant powers to desist. It could not coerce the recalcitrant.

But at the end of the present war such a mistake should not be repeated. All the nations of the world, great or small powerful or insignificant must lay down their arms, must disarm themselves, must liquidate their armies, navies and air forces, must disband these people and never again enrol them.

ATLANTIC CHARTER PRICKED

In this connection he viewed with apprehension the clauses of the Atlantic Charter which created a distinction between "aggressor" nations and "peace-loving" nations and contemplated the retention of arms by the latter He characterised this distinction as absurd and suggested that it laid the seeds of war. He proceeded to quote from and analyse the speeches of Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt and pointed how these statesmen did not envisage a world of perpetual peace but contemplated the possibility of war. When such men dominated the peace conference they would not conclude a peace which would preclude war. He hoped that good sense would prevail among the nations and they would send to the peace conference a strong contingent of brave and independent minded men, men who had strong faith in peace, men who want that humanity should be saved for ever and for ever, not only from war but even from fear of war.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (May.)

New York, March 9.

Previous Closing	20.54
To-day's Opening	20.56
Difference	+2
To-day's Closing	20.58
Difference	+04

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, March 9.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

General Motors 858-1/8.
Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
U. S. Steel Common 853.
U. S. Steel Pref unquoted.—Reuter.

GONDAL RULER DEAD

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, March 9.

Maharaja Sir Bhagwatsinghji of Gondal expired this evening after a brief period of illness. The Maharaja had caught cold a fortnight ago and was confined to bed. He was to complete 60 years of his rule on August 25 next and preparations were made for celebrating his diamond jubilee. Sir Bhagwat was of 75 years age and he lived a retired life.

The state is observing hartal

Born in 1865 Bhagvat Singhjee assumed full powers in 1884. He was educated at the Raj Kumar College Rajkot and at the university of Edinburgh. He was a fellow of the Bombay University and the author of "A History of Aryan Medical Science".

The state has a Revenue of Rs. 60 will be installed.

DEATH OF "DESHBANDHU" EX-EDITOR

SURAT, March 9.

Mr. Kanchanlal Chunilal Gandhi, ex-editor of "Deshbandhu", a daily now defunct, died yesterday at the age of 52.

As a protest against the non-payment of dearness allowance to the teachers of the municipal schools Mr. Ahmed Mahomed Bala President of the Broach Municipal School Board, has resigned from the presidentship of the Board, says a report received here.—United Press.

Japan Concedes Portuguese Demand

LISBON, March 8.—The Portuguese demand that a delegate from Macao should proceed to Japanese-occupied Timor to investigate conditions there has at last been accepted by the Japanese Government.

An official statement issued here says that the Portuguese delegate, Captain Silva E. Costa, is on his way. "This investigation," the statement adds "has been demanded for clarifying the situation created by the Japanese landing on Timor in order that investigations towards a settlement may continue".—Reuter.

SPECIAL ALLOWANCE TO BR OFFICERS IN INDIA

WESTMINSTER, March 9: Mr. Amery informed the Commons that proposals had been made by the Government of India for the grant of a special allowance to British junior married officers in India and he hoped to be able to make an announcement shortly

FINNISH REPLY TO RUSSIA

Way Open For Negotiations But There Are Objections

STOCKHOLM, March 9: "The Dagens Nyheter" says: "We understand that on Wednesday Finland delivered via Stockholm an answer to the Russian proposal of armistice condition".

So far as is known, the newspaper adds, the reply—in the opinion of the Finnish Government—is of a positive nature and should render possible continuation of negotiations, although the reply includes some objections.—Reuter.

THINGS VERY MUCH BETTER AT ANZIO

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Allied Beachhead Forces, Anzio:

Gen Sir Harold Alexander at the end of another of his tours of inspection of the beachhead to-day told was correspondents: "Things are very much better in the beachhead than when I was here last, three weeks ago. When we shall be able to break out, it is difficult to say, but other things are happening".

ADVICE TO CORRESPONDENTS

He exonerated war correspondents from all blame of the charge of causing uneasiness to public opinion, for which he recently censured them. "I would never ask you to report anything you didn't think was true. The only thing I would say to you is that you should always try to strike a confident note."

Gen. Alexander invited two correspondents to discuss with him ways of improving reporting of the war in this theatre.

ALLIES REPEL TWO NAZI ATTACKS

Mediterranean Allied force advance Headquarters, March 9. To-day's Allied "communique" states:

"LAND: Two small attacks by the enemy against the Allied beachhead force positions were repelled. Our patrols engaged the enemy on all the three fronts.—Reuter.

WELSH COAL STRIKE SPREADS

CARDIFF, March 9: The Welsh coal strike further extended to-day when the number of pits shut down jumped to 165 and between 85,000 and 90,000 men were idle out of a total of a 100,000 employed in the coalfield.

Fourteen pits to-day stopped work in the anthracite area of Swansea. Miners at a few other pits scattered throughout the coalfield are also idle.

Nazi Bombers Over Britain

LONDON, March 9: During slight German air activity over parts of southern England early last night a few bombs dropped caused little damage and no casualties.

BERLIN BOMBED

Heavy bombers of the Eighth Air Force again attacked targets in the Berlin area to-day. Bombers were escorted strong forces of fighters from Eighth and Ninth Air Forces and the R.A.F.—Reuter.

Mudie To Replace Maxwell

Mudaliar And Raisman Get Extension

NEW DELHI, March 9.

A 'communique' says: His Majesty the King has been pleased to approve the appointment of His Excellency Mr. R. F. Mudie, to be a member of the Governor-General's Executive Council. He will succeed as Home Member the Hon'ble Sir Reginald Maxwell, whose tenure of office expires on April the fourth next.

Mr. Mudie is at present acting as Governor of Bihar and will remain in that appointment until the return from leave of Sir Thomas Rutherford, in May next. Thereafter he will take two months leave and will not be available to take up his appointment as Home Member until July. His appointment will have effect from the date of taking over charge.

The Governor-General in Council has appointed Sir John Thorne to act as Home Member from April the 4th next until Mr. Mudie is available.

His Majesty the King has also been

U. S. GIVES 1,400 SHIPS TO BRITAIN

WASHINGTON, March 9: Col. Frank Knox ,U. S. Navy Secretary, told the House of Representatives Foreign Committee to-day: Under Lend-Lease 1,400 ships had been transferred to the Allies, mainly Britain.—Reuter.

pleased to approve the continuance in office of the Hon'ble Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Supply Member, who completes his five years tenure of office on May the 5th, 1944.

His Majesty the King has also been pleased to approve that the Hon'ble Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member of the Government of India, whose five years tenure of office is completed on April the 6th, should remain in office for a further period.—A. P.

A Year's Lease For Raisman

NEW DELHI, March 10.

A press note says:—It is understood that the intention is that the Hon'ble Sir Jeremy Raisman, should hold office for a further period of 12 months.—A. P.

239 PUNJAB INTERNEES ORDERED TO REPORT PERIODICALLY TO NEAREST POLICE STATION

LAHORE, March 9.

At question time Sir Maqbool Mahmood, Parliamentary Secretary to the Premier, informed the Punjab Assembly that on 19 February, 1944, 284 persons were interned in their native places for political activities in the Punjab. Out of them 239 were ordered to report periodically to the nearest police stations to ensure surveillance and discourage prejudicial activity.

D. M. Cancels Permission To M. L. A.

The question relating to the cancellation of permission granted to Pt. Munilal Kalla to attend the budget session was again raised in the Punjab Assembly this afternoon when Pt. Bhagatram sought the ruling of the Speaker on his motion for leave to move a privilege motion.

The Premier intervening informed the House that the District Magistrate of Ludhiana had allowed Pt. Munilal to attend the Assembly but later he cancelled his own order. The Government he pointed out had taken no action in the matter barring the issuing of a general circular relating to the imposition of restrictions on Congress detenus on their release. The Premier however, stressed that the Government was not competent to cancel any such order.

In view of the Premier's statement Pt. Bhagatram Sharma did not press his motion.—A. P.

Lucknow Conviction For Defiance Of Ban

LUCKNOW, March 9.

Latest enquiries about the situation in connection with the celebration of the "Barawafat" reveal that till the midnight 83 "Sunnies", of which more than 40 were very young boys, were arrested yesterday for defiance of the order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. promulgated in connection with the "Barawafat." Elaborate police arrangements were made to avert any trouble.

A trial was held by the City Magistrate in Kotwali and 28 persons were convicted and sentenced to one month's imprisonment and 7 persons to pay a fine of Rs. 10 each, in default to undergo 14 days' imprisonment.

The situation is normal. Police patrol, however, continues in the areas predominantly inhabited by the Muslims.—United Press.

UJJAIN PEOPLE'S LEADER GAGGED

UJJAIN, March 9: Pandit Shivshanker Raval, former President of the Gwalior Rajya Sarwajanik Sabha and a member of the Working Committee of the Central India States' People's Conference, has been served with an order under the Defence of Gwalior Rules asking him not to deliver any speech in any public meeting for a period of six months in the Ujjain District.—United Press.

HUBLI MUNICIPALITY

The Government of Bombay has decided to re-establish the Hubli Municipality from July 1 next. This Municipality has been under supersession since January 5, 1939.

Jailed For Disfiguring Statue

POONA, March 9.

For disfiguring the statue of Sir Leslie Wilson an ex-Governor of Bombay, in Kolhapur Mr. N. R. Ghorpade was sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 under Section 427 I.P.C. and a further sentence of one more month under Sec. 447. Two others were acquitted in this connection.—A. P.

AGARWAL RELEASED

BOMBAY, March 9: Mr. Narayan Agrawal, son-in-law of late Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, who was arrested in September 1942, has been released.—A. P.

STUDENT ACQUITTED IN APPEAL

NAGPUR, March 9: The Sessions Judge acquitted to-day B. C. Varma, accused in what is known as the Science College Bomb Case, who was sentenced to two years' R. I. by the lower court on January 28. Varma, a student of the Science College, was arrested along with two others (who were acquitted by the lower court) following the finding of a bomb in the lavatory of the College on September 15, 1942.—A. P.

DIRECTOR OF CIVIL SUPPLIES

BOMBAY, March 9.—The Governor of Bombay has created a temporary post of Director of Civil Supplies (General) and Joint Secretary to Government, Finance Department (Supply) and appointed Mr. F. G. Shah, I A A S (retired) to it.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

COAL STRIKE SPREADS TO SCOTLAND

LONDON, March 9.

The South Wales coal strike to-day spread to Scotland where 7,000 miners in nine Scottish pits also ceased work. They too state that they are dissatisfied with the Poring wage award.—Reuter.

NO BAN ON KISAN SABHA SESSION

Sahajanand And Bankim Mukherjee Protest Against Madras Govt. Order

CALCUTTA, March 9.

The eighth annual session of the All-India Kisan Sabha at Bezwada is not banned and is not being suspended because of the restriction on railway travelling, says Mr. Bankim Mukherjee, President of the Sabha, and Swami Sahajananda, President-elect of the session, in a statement.

They urge delegates to travel upto stations as near to Bezwada as permitted and cover up the remaining 30 miles by foot or by local conveyance.

They protest against the order of the Madras Government as well as "the pointless misstatements of the authorities in the Central Assembly" and add: "The Reception Committee is making arrangements for all contingencies and the session will be held not only on the due dates (March 12 to March 15) but in due seriousness to record the opinions of the Kisans of India against Fascist aggression and the fight for food and National Government."

Mr. Mukherjee and Swami Sahajanada say: "The Magistrate of Kistna District has given proper permission for holding the session and there is no ban on any items of the programme announced."

PRESIDENT-ELECT ARRIVES

BEZWADA, March 9: Swami Sahajanand Saraswathi, President-elect of the Eighth Annual Session of the All-India Kisan Sabha, arrived here this morning and was met at the station by Kisan Sabhaites and a large number of volunteers.

The Central Executive Committee of the All-India Kisan Sabha will meet 'in camera' this evening.

KASHMIR RULER INVITED TO ATTEND WAR CABINET

NEW DELHI, March 9.

A 'communique' says:—Lieutenant-General His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir, has accepted the invitation of His Excellency the Viceroy to attend the War Cabinet as a representative of India with the Hon'ble Sir Firoz Khan Noon.—A.P.

Raisman's Mission For London

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, March 9.

Sir Jeremy Raisman, the Finance Member, I learn, will proceed to London soon after the conclusion of the Budget Session of the Legislature.

The visit, it is believed is intended to straighten up certain matters connected with the Indo-British Financial settlement.

Sir Jeremy is also likely to visit U. S. A. to represent India at the International Monetary Conference in case it fits in with his London visit. He will be accompanied to Washington by Sir C. E. Deshmukh and Sir Theodore Gregory, so I learn.

Romance Of Sangli School Girl

BOMBAY, March 9.

The story of a girl who went to school in the morning as a 'miss' and returned home in the evening as a 'Mrs.' is reported from Sangli State.

The girl, who belongs to the Brahmin community and is aged 19 went to school as usual one morning and got herself married to a teacher according to Hindu rites. Coming to know of this the next day, the girl's father kept her under strict surveillance and would not let her go out. The teacher, however, claimed his bride with the help of a Magistrate's order. The teacher has a first wife by whom he has two children.—A. P.

BR. LEASE-LEND RETURN AID TO U. S.

WESTMINSTER, March 9: The United Kingdom aid to the United States under return lease-lend amounted up to December 31, 1943, to £339,000,000 This is made up under three headings of capital installations erected in United Kingdom for the United States forces, 136 millions; goods and services transferred in the United Kingdom 133 millions; and shipping services 70 millions. These figures were announced in the Commons to-day by the Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir John Anderson, who said that a greater part of the value of the aid afforded by the British Government to the United States in overseas countries had not been included. Available figures indicate that the total value of British supplies to Russia up to September 30, 1943 was two hundred millions.—Reuter.

HOLLYWOOD (California), March 9: Sammy Angott, World Light Weight Champion according to the National Boxing Association, unexpectedly lost his title here last night to Juan Zuritza of Mexico city in a dull fifteen round contest. Angott was four to one on favourite.

WAY TO ELIMINATE JAP MENACE

MADRAS, March 8: Dr. C. J. Pao, Chinese Consul-General in India, who is on a tour of India arrived in Madras this morning.

Interviewed Dr. Pao said that the road between India and China which was built more than 1,200 years ago had been covered by weeds and dust and both the peoples were at present engaged in clearing the path for a greater understanding and friendship. Upon the success of the undertaking and our combined material strength depended the elimination of the Japanese menace in the East.—A. P.

MADRAS FORGES AHEAD

MADRAS, March 9: War has not affected adversely the expansion of education in Madras Province. On the other hand in spite of enormous wartime difficulties the education budget has gone up by over a crore of rupees and Madras spends twice as much as any other Province in the matter of education.

POONA, March 9: Mr. V. D. Moray, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Poona, has been appointed District Superintendent of Police, Belgaum. Rao Saheb B. L. Khedkar succeeds Mr. Moray as Assistant Superintendent.

WATER-BORNE RAID ON JAP-OCCUPIED VILLAGE

U. S. Forces Take Big Toll Of Enemy In Hukawng Campaign In Burma

NEW DELHI, March 9.

During March 8 there was very little activity west of the Mayu range. During the night of March 6 and 7 our troops carried out a successful water-borne raid on a village south of Maungdaw inflicting casualties on the enemy, says a Communique issued from Allied Headquarters, South-East Asia Command.

In the Htindaw area our troops improved their positions on the high ground south of the Maungdaw-Buthidaung road and repulsed all Japanese counter-attacks.

The West African troops in the Kaladan Valley have continued to meet heavy enemy opposition. Our troops while crossing a river northeast of Kyauktaw repulsed four Japanese attacks.

In the Chin Hills and Kabaw Valley our patrols successfully ambushed several Japanese parties during March 7-8.

In North Burma American forces holding Walawbum and a road block west of the village report having killed six Japanese officers and 80 men. Chinese troops pushing south in the Hukaung valley occupied Ninghku Ga on their left flank and encircled a large number of enemy between Mainkwan and Hrungnye, south-west of Maingkawam. Chinese captured both Hrungnye and Shingban. In the Fort Hertz area an Allied patrol force operating northeast of Myityina ambushed an enemy unit inflicting some casualties.

U. S. heavy bombers in a low level attack on Japanese shipping in the Gulf of Siam, south of Bangkok, on the night of March 7-8 sank one 200-foot freighter: scored a direct hit on a 300-foot freighter, which probably was sunk, and damaged a 350-to-400-foot freighter with four near misses. Other aircraft of the formation scored direct hits on oil installations on Prong island.

From these operations two Allied aircraft are missing.

2,309 JAPS KILLED

A Press Note issued by Gen. Stilwell's Headquarters in India says: On March 6 Brig Gen. Frank Merrill reported that his American forces had to-date killed 650 enemy and placed American casualties at 7 killed and 37 wounded. To-date in the entire Hukawng Valley campaign the number of Japanese killed now totals 2,309.—A. P.

U.S. FIFTH AIR FORCE DESTROYS 1,500TH JAP PLANE

LONDON, March 9.—From Reuter's special correspondent at Allied Headquarters, South-West Pacific.

The American Fifth Air Force destroyed its 1,500th Japanese plane in an engagement over Wewak in New Guinea yesterday. Fighters of this airforce have lost only 154 lives in their two years' fighting. In this period they have destroyed more than one-sixth of the Japanese known first line air strength at the beginning of the war.—Reuter.

U. S. SUBMARINES SINK 16 JAP SHIPS

WASHINGTON, March 9.—A Navy Department "communique" said U. S. submarines have destroyed 16 more Japanese vessels in the Pacific and the Far East.—Reuter.

NEW RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE

Ingulets River Forded: Nine Nazi Divisions Routed

MOSCOW, March 9.

A new offensive has been started on the third Ukrainian front, Marshal Stalin announced in an order of the day to-night (Thursday).

The Ingulets river has been forced. The Russians have broken through a depth of between 18 and 36 miles on the 106 miles front. Nine German divisions have been routed.

Russians occupied the district centres of Nikolaev region Novy-Bug and Kazanka as well as 200 other localities.

BERLIN, March 9: A number of Russian attacks at Kerch in the Crimea were announced in to-day's German communique.

CITY BUILDING COLLAPSE

Three Injured When Four-Floor Structure Comes Down

A four-floor building opposite Dadyseth Agyari Lane on Kalbadevi Road collapsed suddenly on Thursday evening, injuring three persons, one of them seriously. The front portion of the building and the second and third floors collapsed suddenly, leaving the first floor and terrace intact.

The cause of the collapse is not known, but, it is learnt that the building was an old one.

Congress Captures Ahmedabad D. L. B.

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD March 9.

The final result of the D L B election was announced to-day: Congress has captured 39 seats out of 47 non-Muslims seats Eight seats have been captured by Independents and three by the Muslim League.

The new board will meet on April 1.

WASHINGTON, March 9: Negotiations with Spain to halt Wolfram shipments to Germany and curtail other German advantages in Spain are continuing the State Department said to-day. It adds, however, that exports of tungsten ore have been stopped.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIA FOLLOWS U. S.

Govt. Commission To Take Over Striking Coal Mines

CANBERRA, Feb. 9: A meeting of the full Cabinet to-day instructed the Coal Commission to assume control of certain mines in the south coast of New South Wales, where strikes are taking place.

This is the first action by the Government under the new coal legislation and means that all employees in mines will become responsible to the Government through the Commissioner.—Reuter

CURTIN THREATENS TO RESIGN

CANBERRA, March 9: The Prime Minister Mr. John Curtin has threatened to resign if the New South Wales and south coast coalminers continue their four-week-old strike.

Meanwhile seven mines in New South Wales northern coalfields have joined the south coast miners in their walkout. More than 3,500 miners struck about a month ago. It has been estimated that the strike has cut Australia's coal production by as much as 15,000 tons daily.—Reuter.

"MERGER" SCHEME FOR EUROPEAN MINORITIES

WESTMINSTER, March 9.

Lord Cranborne, Government spokesman in the House of Lords, to-day suggested that the minorities in Europe themselves must play their part, if their problems were to be solved.

Taking as an example the fusion of the Roman and the Briton, the Saxon and the Norman, into a British race, he said ultimately it was to be hoped that that sort of fusion would be the solution of the problem in Central Europe.

Lord Cranborne was replying to a debate in the Lords and Germany's post-war frontiers during which the Conservative Peer, Earl of Mansfield urged Government to remember the vital necessity of avoiding leaving the minorities in boundaries of States quite foreign to them.—Reuter.

U. S. DIPLOMATIC APPOINTMENTS

WASHINGTON, March 9: President Roosevelt in new diplomatic nominations announces the appointment of Mr. Kenneath S. Paton, U. S. Consul-General at Calcutta, to be the U. S. Minister to New Zealand.

WANTED

CHIEF AGENT for Fire Department of a first-class Composite Insurance Company. Those with influential connections able to organize territory thoroughly should apply with particulars of past experience and business record, to Box No. 1001 "Bombay Chronicle"

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that **PIROJBAI DINSHAWJI MISTRY**, the Surviving Mortgagee and **PIROJBAI DINSHAWJI MISTRY** and **ARDESHIR FRAMJI SONAWALA**, Executrix and Executor of the Will of Dinshawji Jamasji Mistry, one of the Mortgagees of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, Mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 70, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Foras Tenure together with the buildings erected thereon situate, lying and being at Elphinstone Road in the Town Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one thousand three hundred and fifty-eight (1358) square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 11933, 11937, 12256 and New Survey No. 1|1908 and Cadastral Survey No. 1336 of Lower Parel Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "G" Ward Nos. 3528(2) and 3528(3), Street Nos. 292 and 991C Tulsi Pipe Line and bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Pitha Pusa on or towards the South by the property of Essabhoy Abdul Karim and others, on or towards the East by the Municipal drainage channel and on or towards the West by the property of the N.S.D. Salvacao Church.

Dated this 7th day of March, 1944.

DESAI & CO.,
(8059) Purchasers' Attorneys.

From TODAY
CITY LIGHT
B. B. Matunga
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m
Fri., Sat., Sun. Holidays 1-15 p.m.
NEW THEATRE'S
KASHINATH
ASHIT BARAN, PAHARI and BHARATI.

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 1571 of 1943.

HUSSEINIBHAI SARAFALLI
RUPAWALLA .. Plaintiff.
v|s.
MAHOMEDBHAI SARAFALLI
RUPAWALLA .. Defendant.

To,
MAHOMEDBHAI SARAFALLI RUPAWALLA,
the defendant abovenamed.
GEORGE VI, etc.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed defendant praying for specific performance of the agreement dated 1st August, 1942, made between the plaintiff, yourself, Nomanbhai Sarafalli, Abdullabhai Sarafalli, Bai Zenibai Sarafalli and Bai Shirinbai Sarafalli for an order against you to execute an Assignment and Release in favour of the plaintiff in terms of the draft being Exhibit E to the plaint to do all acts and things and to execute necessary documents for duly, and effectively conveying the partnership assets and outstandings in favour of the plaintiff free from encumbrances, costs and interest you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on 3rd April, 1944, at 11 O'clock (S.T.) in person or by an Advocate O.S. duly instructed by an Attorney and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the said 3rd April, 1944, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Kt., Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 23rd day of November, 1943.

(Sd.)
K. K. DASTUR,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

Sealed. (Sd.)
K. K. DASTUR.

The 23rd day of November, 1943.
Messrs. THAKORDAS DARUHEMANY & CO.,
(8060) Plaintiff's Attorneys.

OSTRICH BRAND
GODREJ
WASHING SOAPS
In many varieties
GODREJ OIL & SOAP CO.,
Byculla Bridge, Bombay.
Tel. 40647.

SIR VICTOR ASSERTS THAT DOMESTIC POWER-LOOM WILL FORGE AHEAD

Inaugurating the first All-India Textile Conference at the V. J. Technical Institute, Matunga, on Thursday morning Sir Victor Sassoon stressed the need of establishing a Research Institute for Textile Fibres—both natural and artificial—equal to any similar type of research institute in any part of the world. The Conference is organised by the Textile Association, (India) with the collaboration of V. J. Technical Institute, Bombay, and continues till Saturday next. About 300 delegates from all over India took part. An exhibition of textiles organised in conjunction with the conference was declared open by Sir Victor after the first session of the Conference was over.

In the course of his inaugural address, Sir Victor observed:—

"Two special points I would like to emphasise. Firstly, the necessity for utilising the raw materials, Man-power and technical skill of this Country to the best advantage in meeting the needs of this and other Countries, and secondly, to stress the fact that no matter what natural advantage this country has for the foundation and development of a textile industry, it will be unable to meet competition, unless Research is made the keystone of all our effort.

CHEAP ELECTRIC POWER TO VILLAGES

"I would draw the attention of keen young men to the policy that the Central and Provincial Governments have all been committed to, namely the provision of cheap electric power to villages and to rural industries. Equally, there is a big possibility in this country for the development of the manufacture of light Power Looms with small electric motors, so that the purchase of a small number of these looms and motors would be within the reach of any small capitalist, particularly one with technical knowledge of the Industry.

By establishing a combination of the Light Power Loom Industry with a central preparatory system, an advance will be made in the productive capacity of the rural districts, and labour will not be herded into the big cities with the accompanying development of slums. Small plants of this type, taking advantage to the full of technical skill and knowledge, would enable India to compete in quality and price with any Country, especially if such enterprises were marshalled into a Co-operative movement, whereby the financing of supplies of yarn and the marketing of the finished cloth could be done from one centre. For many cloths, it would be necessary to set up central co-operative finishing plants, though it is surprising how the craftsmen of this country can produce finishes which imitate machine-produced finishes.

HANDLOOM AND POWER LOOM

In spite of the desire of so many people to revive the hand-loom cotton textile industry to its original importance, it is certain that the hand-loom industry as such must lose ground, whereas the domestic power-loom industry will progress.

Power-loom factories will probably tend to the production more and more of standardised styles, and we can look forward to a period when mills will be on one quality of printing cloth for example which will be as well-known in the local Bombay market as "Burnley or Cheshire Printers" are known in the Manchester market. Now given a supply by mills of large quantities of standard cloths of this type, there must be an equally big field for the development by the artistically minded young men of this country of printed cloths by Screen, Block, Spray or Machine, in many colours. The "Chippa" Printing of Ahmedabad can be expanded in a large number of ways, and any Technical Artist of character can develop in the villages of this country the Calico Printing handicraft on lines which will do much to enhance the credit of this country.

THE NEED OF RESEARCH

Emphasizing the need of research Sir Victor said: "India has the raw materials, the scientists, the labour and the money, and I commend to the "Powers that Be" the establishment of a Research Institute for Textile Fibres—both natural and artificial—equal to any similar type of Research Institute in any part of the World."

Dr. Nazi Ahmed, Chairman of the Reception Committee in his welcome address stressed the urgency of replacing the old plant and machinery and the necessity of increasing the per capita consumption of cloth in India. He further explained the desirability of producing attractive types of fabrics for export. Referring to the post-war problems of textile industry, he called upon all the industrialists, technicians, research workers and labour to play their part honourably in the huge and difficult task with which the industry was likely to be faced soon after the cessation of hostilities.

At the close of the first session of the conference, the President conferred on Mr. Cowasji D. Panday, the honorary membership of the Textile Association (India) for the valuable services rendered by him to the textile industry of the country during the last 50 years. Prizes were awarded to the winners of various essay competitions.

In the afternoon session, of the conference various post-war problems facing the textile industry were discussed by Mr. Foster Guthrie, Manager, Century Mills, Mr. B. B. Joshi, Additional Controller, Raw Materials, Mr. J. A. Sutton, Manager, Kohinoor Mills, and Mr. C. K. Patel, Textile Chemist, Ahmedabad. Sir Sorabji Saklatwala presided.

The conference continues on Friday.

CHECKING TRANSLATIONS OF TAGORE'S WORKS

SANTINIKETAN, March 7: In order to prevent spurious translations of Poet Rabindranath's works by "incompetent people", the Visva-Bharati (Santiniketan) have formed a Selection Board before which all translations could be placed for approval.

It is expected that if this procedure is followed, authorised translations would be made available more and more to non-Bengali readers.—A. P.

GOVERNMENT TAKES OVER M. S. M. RAILWAY ON APRIL 1.

MADRAS, March 8: Arrangements are complete for the transfer with effect from April 1, 1944, of the management of the M. and S. M. Railway from Company to the State.—A. P.

FREIDMANN ON BASIC NEEDS OF WORLD PEACE

Mr. Maurice Freidmann, Polish follower of Mahatma Gandhi, speaking at the Servants of India Hall on Thursday, said that wars would stop only when countries accepted the underlying unity of nations and surrendered national sovereignty.

Mr. Adam Adil presided.

National sovereignties, he said, would always lead to wars, the exhaustion sequel to wars, recuperation and further wars.

He visualised that in the future, men who had fought and suffered from the havoc of wars would compel their Governments to support an international police force and to abandon the race for armaments, which was always a prelude to wars.

The speaker while commending the League of Nations as an idea, said that it created more harm than good, because it had no executive power to back it.

The speaker considered that once nations were disarmed and all force was vested in an international body peace would automatically follow.

Chemical And Mining Industries (India), Ltd.

The promotion of Chemical and Mining Industries (India) Ltd., New Delhi, is a well-timed addition to the chemical and mineral industry. The authorised capital of the Company is Rs. 1,00,00,000 divided into 200,000 shares of Rs. 50 each. Shares to the value of Rs. 1,17,000 have already been subscribed and paid-up, and the Company now issues 30,000 fully paid-up shares of Rs. 50 each amounting to Rs. 15,00,000.

Mr. N. K Chopra, M I E T (London), the Managing Director, has technical experience in the chemical line. Mr. W. P Leal, A M I Mech E, M I M E who was for 23 years General Manager of the Tavoy Tin Corporation Ltd., has joined the Company as General Manager. He has 30 years of mining experience in Burma.

Industrial Commission For India

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI March 8.

Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar I learn, will accompany eleven industrialists who according to proposals will leave India within six weeks on three months tour of U. K. and possibly U. S. A.

The delegation will have a number of Muslim industrialists. A tentative decision has also been reached to set up an industrial commission in India. The terms of reference the commission will be wide enough to include questions such as localisation of industries, tariff policy, and State versus private control of industries.

The commission will be directed to make reports every three months and full report within a year. It is likely that all, or a majority of those selected to visit U. K. be appointed on the commission. Government expect to select its chairman who would also be Industrial Adviser to the Government

C. P. GOVERNOR TO INAUGURATE

NAGPUR, March 9: H. E. the Governor of C.P. and Berar will inaugurate the fourth annual session of the All-India Manufacturers' Conference to be held here on March 18 and 19 under the presidentship of Sir M. Vishveshvaraya.—A. P.

LONDON, March 9: Vice-Admiral Frank Henderson Pegram, Fourth Sea Lord, who commanded the Cruiser 'Glasgow' during the Norwegian campaign, died in the Bristol Naval Hospital last night of heart failure. Vice-Admiral Pegram, was 54.

MOVE TO SET UP COAL CONTROL BOARD

Delhi To Circulate Decision To Colliery Representatives

NEW DELHI, Mar. 9.

The "United Press learns that a Coal Control Board on the lines of the Textile Control Board would shortly be set up to control production and distribution of coal in the country. This decision seems to have been arrived at the conference which the representative of coal industry had with the Government of India Members yesterday.

The Board would consist of the representatives of producers, consumers and dealers and the Coal Commissioner would also be a member alongside other official nominees. This decision for mulated yesterday would be circulated among the representatives of coal industry and steps taken to constitute the Coal Control Board.—United Press.

Partner In Shipping Firm Acquitted

Gerald Sackville Taunton a partner in the firm of Messrs Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co and John David Alexander an Assistant in the same firm were charged under Sec. 34 (5) (K) of the Defence of India Rules, with giving information or the sending of any document or other records containing or conveying any information true or false, in respect to the passage of any vessel near or over any part of India, defined as information likely to assist the enemy, before Mr Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Petigara, Government Prosecutor, alleged that on February 10, 1943, three letters, signed and initialled by the first and second accused respectively, on behalf Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. Bombay, containing the names of the steamships, were despatched in the ordinary course to a company in New York. Rule 38, he argued, "inter-alia" provides for a penalty for those who without lawful authority or excuse communicate by any means whatsoever to any other firm, any information which would likely to assist the enemy.

John Howard Nevil Hankin, Sub-Inspector C. I. D. in the course of his investigations, found the letters despatched in the ordinary procedure.

Mr. F. J. Coltman, Bar-at-Law on behalf of the accused stated that the three letters referred to were not intended to be sent in the Ordinary course. There was a covering letter along with the three letters, instructing Mr. Robert William Crookshank, their Agent regarding the procedure to be followed. Somehow or other, the covering letter got detached. But as to who was responsible for the actual despatching of letters was in no ones hand. The two officials could not be possibly convicted as the letters were transmitted through proper channel. Mr. Coltman further remarked that the investigating officer ought to have informed the company with regard to such mistakes committed without their knowledge and warned them about its serious consequences. On the other hand, the Intelligence Department showed no spark of any intelligence. (Laughter.)

Mr. Petigara retorted that the Police Department lost a best Police Officer in Mr Coltman. (Laughter.)

Mr Oscar H Brown, while acquitting both the accused said neither of the two accused had any intention nor were aware of the happening.

ULEMA AND LEAGUE

First Open Disagreement With Leadership

CALCUTTA, March 8.

What may be described as the first open disagreement with the present League leadership was voiced in a crowded meeting held in Furmura on the occasion of the annual gathering of the disciples of late Moulana Pir Haji Abhbakar.

The meeting was held under the auspices of Jamiatul Ulema, Bengal, and the audience numbered about 30 thousand.

The meeting passed resolutions calling upon Muslims to sever connection with the League which in its opinion is not constituted in accordance with the fundamental principles of Islam and asked Muslim legislators, particularly, those returned with Ulemas' support to dissociate themselves from the League Party.

It may be recalled that immediately after the election of the members of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League in November last Moulana Ruhulameen who was elected one of the Vice-Presidents issued a press statement in which he denounced the League and announced his severance of connection with that body.

In the election of members of Noakhali District Board held in February Jamittul Ulema set up candidates to oppose League nominees and succeeded in capturing six out of nineteen Muslim elected seats.

This spectacular success has emboldened the Jamiat which is otherwise known as defunct organisation to discard the League openly.

Although nothing serious is apprehended in Muslim League circles the opposition might try to utilise the Jamiat in their political games.—Orient Press.

Punjab League Election Dispute

NEW DELHI, March 8: The Committee, which was appointed by the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League at its Karachi Session to hear and decide the objections filed by Dr. Alam and others against the election held in December, 1943, at Lahore by the Provincial Muslim League Council of the Punjab of its office-bearers and representatives for the Council of the All-India Muslim League and delegates to the Karachi Session of the League, made its report. After carefully scrutinising all points of the objectors, the Committee came to the conclusion that the meeting was valid, the election of the office-bearers was in order but the nomination of members by the President to the Council of the All-India Muslim League was not valid nor the appointment of the delegates was properly made. The Committee directed fresh elections to the Council by the Provincial League.

It will be recalled that Nawab Mohamed Ismail Khan, Chaudhury Khaliquzzaman and Quazi Mohd Isa were members of the Committee. The Committee has made six recommendations in relation to the Seretarial work.—United Press.

Copies of this Prospectus and Forms of Application are available at the offices of Messrs. BHAGWANDAS PURSHOTAM & SONS, Share Brokers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, and Messrs. CHEMICAL & MINING INDUSTRIES (INDIA) LTD. 25|L Block, Connaught Circus, New Delhi, and their Branch Office at Patel House, Churchgate Street, Bombay, and also at all offices and branches of THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED and THE NEW CITIZEN BANK OF INDIA LIMITED

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL OPEN ON 11TH MARCH AND WILL CLOSE ON 18TH MARCH 1944 OR EARLIER AS THE DIRECTORS MAY DECIDE.

PROSPECTUS

(A copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Delhi.)

Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue under the Defence of India Rule 94-A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.

CHEMICAL AND MINING INDUSTRIES (India) LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act 1913 at Delhi).
Registered Office: 25, L. Block, Connaught Circus, New Delhi.

Authorised Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000 (ONE CRORE)

Divided into 2,00,000 (Two lakhs) shares of Rs. 50|- each

Subscribed Capital	**Rs. 1,17,000|-**
Paid-up Capital	**Rs. 1,17,000|-**
Present Issue	**Rs. 15,00,000|-**

(Divided into 30,000 fully paid-up shares of Rs. 50|- each, of which Rs. 25|- is payable on application and Rs. 25|- on allotment. Of this issue, shares to the value of nearly Rs. 5 lakhs have already been sold).

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. Mr. JAMNADAS M. MEHTA, M.L.A. (Central), M.A., LL.B., Barat-Law, Banganga, Malabar Hill, Bombay, (Chairman). Chairman and Director of The Bombay Potteries Ltd., Bombay, Gwalior Chemical Development Corporation Ltd., Gwalior, The New Citizen Bank of India, Ltd., Bombay.
2. Mr. H. A. TAPISSIER, 15, Chowringhee Mansions, Calcutta, Proprietor H. A. Tapissier (Agency) Co., Calcutta, (Director.)
3. L. GANPAT RAI, B.A., LL.B., Advocate and Federal Court Agent, 51, Panch Kuin Road, New Delhi, Director Gwalior Chemical Development Corporation Ltd., Gwalior, (Director.)
4. Mr. D. V. KAPUR, B.Sc. (Hons) M.Sc. (Tech), Industrial Chemist and Chemical Engineer, Vidya Bhawan, Prem Gali, Lahore, Director Gwalior Chemical Development Corporation Ltd., Gwalior (Director).
5. Mr. BALDEV R. CHOPRA, General Manager, Gwalior Chemical Development Corporation Ltd., Desehra Road, Gwalior, (Director)
6. Mr. N. K. CHOPRA, M.I.E.T. (Lond.) 25, L. Block, Connaught Circus, New Delhi, Director, Gwalior Chemical Development Corporation Ltd., Gwalior, Periodical Publications Ltd., Bombay. (Managing Director)

MANAGING AGENTS

MESSRS GENERAL SALES CORPORATION, NEW DELHI

BANKERS.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LTD.,
THE NEW CITIZEN BANK OF INDIA LTD.,

LEGAL ADVISER

L. GANPAT RAI, B.A., LL.B. Advocate & Federal Court Agent. 51, Panch Kuin Road, New Delhi.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. PURNANAND & JASUBHAI, Fort Chambers C. Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

AUDITORS

Messrs. WALKER CHANDIOK & CO., Chartered Accountants, Kashmere Gate, Delhi.

OBJECTS

The Company has been formed for the purposes specified in the Memorandum and Articles of Association, and in particular for the manufacture and sale of all kinds of chemicals—heavy, refined and medicinal, and preparations and by-products thereof.

The Directors intend immediately to set up a plant to manufacture 10 tons a day Sulphuric Acid, 8 tons a day Copper Sulphate and 5 tons a day of Sulphate of Alumina (Ferric Alum) to meet a part of the demand in India. The annual consumption in India is 3,500 tons of Copper Sulphate and 25,000 tons of Sulphate of Alumina.

It is intended to utilise the subscribed capital as under:

	Rs.
One 10 tons per day capacity Sulphuric Acid Plant	3,00,000
One 8 tons per day Copper Sulphate Plant	2,00,000
One 5 tons per day Sulphate of Alumina Plant	1,00,000
100 acres of land ..	1,00,000
Machinery & equipment, Power Plant etc ..	1,55,000
Transport	1,00,000
Working of Copper Mines	1,00,000
Office, Building & quarters	50,000
Preliminary & promotion expenses ..	20,000
Working Capital ..	3,00,000
Miscellaneous expenditure	75,000
Total ..	15,00,000

COST OF PRODUCTION

2,400 tons of Copper Sulphate at Rs. 42|- per cwt.	20,16,000
1,500 tons of Ferric Alum at Rs. 175|- per ton	2,62,500
Total ..	22,78,500

EXPECTED REVENUES

2,400 tons of Copper Sulphate at Rs. 60|- per cwt.	28,80,000
1,500 tons of Ferric Alum at Rs. 250|- per ton	3,75,000
	32,55,000
PROFITS ..	9,76,500

Note: (Sulphuric Acid manufactured will be utilised in the manufacture of Copper Sulphate and Sulphate of Alumina).

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS

No directors are interested in the formation of the Company other than as shareholders, except Mr. N. K. Chopra, who is a partner in the firm of Managing Agents, and L. Ganpat Rai, who is the legal adviser of the Company. Mr. Ranchhoddas Jamnadas Mehta, Partner in the Managing Agents firm, is the son of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Chairman of the Board of Directors.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION

1. The qualifications of a Director other than an ex-officio director shall be his holding 100 shares of the Company of the nominal value of Rs. 5,000 (fully paid-up).

2. For every meeting attended by the Directors, the Chairman will receive Rs. 50 and the Directors Rs. 30 each, plus actual travelling expenses.

MANAGING AGENTS

Messrs. General Sales Corporation have been appointed Managing Agents for a period of 20 years from the date of the commencement of business of the Company and their remuneration is as follows:

(a) A minimum sum of Rs. 2,000 per month, rising to a maximum of Rs. 6,000 per month as may be determined from time to time by the Directors of the Company, as office allowance payable every month.

(b) A commission at 15 per cent on the net profits made by the Company after making all proper allowances and deductions from revenue for working expenses chargeable against profits, including interest on loans or moneys borrowed, repairs and outgoings, bounties or subsidies received from Government or from a public party, profits by way of premium on shares sold, profits on sale proceeds of forfeited shares or profits from the sale of the whole or part of undertakings of the Company, and also for depreciation or for expenditure by way of interest on debentures or otherwise on capital account, or any sum which may be set aside in any year out of the profits for reserve or any other special fund. Provided however that no commission shall be payable unless a dividend of 6 per cent on the shares has been declared by the Company.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

The preliminary expenses are estimated not to exceed Rs. 20,000, exclusive of commission and brokerage on sale of shares.

PROMOTION EXPENSES.

No money is being paid for promoting the Company either in the shape of cash or paid-up shares.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION.

The allotment of shares shall not be made by the Company unless at least shares of the nominal value of Rs. 1,00,000 have been subscribed for and sums payable thereon paid. Allotment to the extent of Rs. 1,17,000 has been made.

The Company filed a statement in lieu of prospectus and obtained certificate to commence business on 2nd July, 1943. No accounts have been prepared so far.

COMMISSION ON SALE OF SHARES

The Articles of Association provide for the payment of commission on sale of shares at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent of the nominal value of the shares.

DOCUMENTS.

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and the Agreement entered into between the Company and Messrs. General Sales Corporation, the Managing Agents referred to above, can be inspected at the registered office of the Company on any working day during office hours.

Dated at New Delhi, 25th December, 1943.

JAMNADAS MEHTA.
GANPAT RAI.
H. A. TAPISSIER.
D. V. KAPUR.
B. R. CHOPRA.
N. K. CHOPRA.

This form should be filled up (along with two Specimen Signatures as required below) and forwarded entire with cheque or Banker's draft or cash to the Company's Registered Office.

CHEMICAL AND MINING INDUSTRIES (INDIA) LIMITED.

(Registered Under the Indian Companies Act, 1913)
Registered Office: 25-L, BLOCK, CONNAUGHT CIRCUS, NEW DELHI

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR ORDINARY SHARES

To The Directors of
CHEMICAL & MINING INDUSTRIES (INDIA) LIMITED, NEW DELHI.
Gentlemen,

I/We send herewith a sum of Rs._____being a deposit of Rs. 25|- per share on_____Ordinary Shares in the above-named Company and request you to allot me|us the said number of shares on the terms of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and I|we agree to accept the said shares or any smaller number that may be allotted to me|us and to pay the further instalment of Rs 25|- per share on allotment and I|We authorise you to register me|us as holder|holders of the shares allotted to me|us hereunder.

(Signature)_____
(Name in full)_____
(IN BLOCK LETTERS)
(Occupation)_____
(Address in full)_____
(Date)_____

(Applicant's Specimen Signature)	*(Applicant's Specimen Signature)*

CHEMICAL AND MINING INDUSTRIES (INDIA) LIMITED

No._____

Receipt for amount paid on Application for Shares

RECEIVED this_____day of_____
from_____
the sum of Rs._____being a deposit of Rupees Twenty-Five per share on_____Ordinary shares of Rupees Fifty each in the above company.

(To be signed by one of the Directors and retained by the Applicant)

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3rd

"HOUSE-FULL" WEEK

To make your Holiday Happier see

NAVIN'S Great Social

DOST

NOORJEHAN, MOTILAL

Director: SHAUKAT HUSSAIN

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

Fri. Sat. Sun. Matinee 1-30

Advance Booking: 10 a.m. to 12 noon

IMMORTAL SAGA OF Mother's Love & Sacrifice!

GALA PREMIERE Today 1-45 p.m.

The Creators of 'Pyas' Offer their 2nd Social Jewel

'KURBANI'

Directed by RAM DARYANI

Music: Khemchand Prakash

Story: K. S. DARYANI

Co-starring

DURGA KHOTE

Vasantee, Kausalya, Ishwarlal, Gulab, Gope.

Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10-15 p.m. TAJ

Matinees: 1-45 p.m. on Fri., Sat., Sun., Holidays,

Equipped with Microphonic Sound.

Plans open 10 to 12 a.m.

2nd WEEK!

Spitfire Spitfire

3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

NEW EMPIRE

Proudly Marching Towards

SILVER JUBILEE

23rd WEEK at DELHI

BHAKTARAJ

12th WEEK at

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

To-day, Sat., Sun. Holidays Mat. 1-45 p.m.

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE.

M-E-T-R-O

Esplanade Rd. Tel. 31045.

Daily at 3-15, 6-25, 9-30 p.m.

15TH WEEK!

To-day Mat. 1 p.m.

MUSIC OF TWO HEARTS in LOVE!

New Theatres' Song-Spangled Hit!

WAPAS

KRISHNA Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m Sat., Sun. at 1 p.m.

TODAY: 1-30 P.M.

The Star-Spangled Film Unfurls!

MAZAQ

Starring: MADHURI, PAHARI, RADHARANI, ZAHUR RAJA

A RAJA MOVIETONE Production.

A BRIJ-DEWAN Release.

Produced and Directed by ZAHUR RAJA

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

To-day & Sunday 1-30 p.m.

KAMAL

TALKIES, SANDHURST RD.

A Brij-Dewan Release

The GREAT DIRECTOR of "RAMRAJYA"

Mr. VIJAY BHATT

Inaugurates TO-DAY at 1-45 p.m. 1944's Happy Musical

A. J. B. H. WADIA Production

VISHWAS

SURENDRA MEHTAB BABY MADHURI

Reservation 10 to 12 & 4 to 6 p.m.

Bookings HAPPY FILM SERVICE, Lamington Rd., Bombay 7.

CAPITOL

TO-DAY 4 SHOWS 1-45; 4-30; 7-15 & 10.

Daily 4, 7 & 10.

Sat., Sun. Matinee 1-30 p.m.

. Proprietor Of Drug Store Arrested For Alleged Profiteering

Zakir Hussain Rangwala, proprietor of the Reliable Medical Store at Musjid Bunder Road, was arrested yesterday by S. I. Pattanwala of the Pydhownie Police for alleged profiteering in medicine.

The accused, it appears, sold "Ostocalcium" bottle for Rs. 4-6, the controlled price of which being Rs. 2-9. The suspect was allowed bail by Mr. V. K. Muranjan at the Mazagaon Police Court, to-day.

M. M. Killedar Acquitted

Mr. Justice Lokur and Mr Justice Weston on appeal set aside the conviction and sentence of Mr. M. M. Killedar, a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation and directed that the fine of Rs. 500, if paid by him be refunded.

He was sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate 4th Additional Court for breach of Rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules for failing to furnish to the Controller of Prices a statement of stock of wheat, flour etc. The rule required every person in the city to furnish on every Tuesday a statement of stock of wheat etc. in his possession.

Their lordships thought that the case could be disposed of on the simple point that there was no evidence whatever that on the material date, namely January 17, the accused had in his possession 22 Bengal maunds of wheat. No doubt he had that quantity on January 25, but their lordships thought that itself was not a conclusive proof that the same amount must have been in his possession eight days before.

In the absence of any evidence to this effect, their lordships thought that the prosecution had failed to establish that the accused had in his possession 22 maunds of wheat on January 17. Their lordships, therefore, set aside the conviction and sentence.

Mr. J. B. Patel with Mr. B. G. Thakor appeared for the appellants. Mr. B. G. Rao, Government pleader, appeared for the Crown.

BULSAR CONDOLES KASTURBA'S DEATH

BULSAR, March 8: The Bulsar Municipality at its meeting to-day passed a resolution of condolence at the death of Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi.—A. P.

EROS

India's most hygienic Theatre

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m. 'Phone: 22519

It's love on a spree! Laughter on parade! It's Lubitsch at his hilarious best!

DON AMECHE, Gene Tierney Charles Coburn

in Ernst Lubitsch's

"HEAVEN CAN WAIT"

(in TECHNICOLOR)

A 20th Century-Fox picture

Also—LATEST WAR NEWS

Please Note: There will be No Morning Show on Sunday.

MATINEE TO-DAY 1-15 p.m.

RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S

SHAKUNTALA

Jayashree, Chandramohan

Daily: 4, 7, 10, Fri., Sat., Sun. 1-15 p. m.

Plans open: 10 to 1 & 3 to 7 p.m.

26th Week of Triumph

SWASTIK (OLD PATHE)

Holiday Matinee Today 1 p.m.

NAVYUG'S Tale of Today

NAYA TARANA

SNEHPRABHA, JAIRAJ

5th Week of Fame

Daily 4, 7, 10

Fri., Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.

CENTRAL

MAN

who was faced with

TWO WIVES

HIND PICTURES

SALMA

INDIA F.C. RELEASE

NOVELTY

Matinee: at 1-30 Today

Also on Sat. and Sun.

Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

Reservation 10-30 to 12 and 5 to 6

BEST HOLIDAY ATTRACTION!

MINERVA'S IMMORTAL HISTORICAL

PUKAR

Directed by SOHRAB MODI

Daily 4, 7, 10. To-day, Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.

MINERVA

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Falgun Vad 1, 2000
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 14, 1363
Parsi: Meher 8, 1313
Sunrise: 7-53 a.m. Sunset: 7-45 p.m
Hightide: 0-28, 12-33. Lowtide: 6-29, 18-21.

To-day's Engagements

BORIVLI ENGLISH SCHOOL: Annual Social Gathering to-day under the Presidentship of Raj Ratna Sheth Maganlal Parbhudas at 6-15 p.m.

ALL-INDIA TEXTILE CONFERENCE: To-day (Friday) at 11-30 a.m. Sir Vithal Chandavarkar presiding.

JEWISH CO-OPERATIVE BANKING SOCIETY: The Jewish Co-operative Banking Society Ltd., Jacob Circle, will celebrate its Silver Jubilee today at 10 a.m. at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute (opp. B. I. N. Dockyard) under the Presidentship of Mr. V. L. Mehta Managing Director of the Bombay Co-Operative Bank.

ALL-INDIA WRESTLING TOURNAMENT: The All-India Wrestling Tournament Committee has great pleasure in announcing that His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will open the All-India Wrestling Tournament on the 20th Wrestlers from all parts of India have arrived to participate in the Tournament.

FASALI FARVARDEGAN FESTIVALS at Petit Fasali Atashkadeh from to-day (Friday) upto 21st March. Daily at 6-30 p.m. Hambandagi and lectures by Dasturji Bode.

DADAR SANGEET MANDAL: Concert sitar solo by Vilayatkhan of Delhi, with Allarkha accompanying on Tabla, and Indian classical Dances by Jaykumari, (Disciple of Jailal Kaththak of Jaipur) on Saturday, 11th inst. at 9-30 p.m. (S T) at Vanmali Hall, Dadar.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS' ROUNDS: The Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 5 on Saturday, at 6-51 a.m. (B T) at Round Temple and go round with them in the Ward.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study Class on "Septenary Constitution of Man" from the Ocean of Theosophy by W. Q. Judge, Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, Friday 6-15 p.m.

YOUNG MEN'S BOVI ASSOCIATION: The Eighth Anniversary celebration to-day at 2-30 p.m. at the premises of the Karnataka Free Night High School, 17 Kumta Street, Fort.

WOMEN CELEBRATING PROPHET'S DAY: Under the auspices of the Prophet Birthday Celebration Committee, (Ladies Branch) a mass gathering of the Muslim ladies will be held today at 3-30 p.m. (N S T) at Beg Mahomed Baug, Mohomedalli Road, Bombay, when Mrs. Asgari Begum Sahiba will inaugurate the proceedings and Mrs. Ruqaiya Begum Mahomed Taher Khan will preside. A number of Muslim women will speak on the life of the Holy Prophet of Islam.

BANDRA CATHOLICS AND SOPHIA COLLEGE

To-day (Friday), the Catholics of Bandra and Suburbs will hold a protest meeting against the action of the Senate in recommending the disaffiliation of Sophia College at the Bandra Gymkhana Hall, Perry Road at 6-30 p. m.

FATAL FALL FROM 3RD FLOOR OF BUILDING

Dhanjishah Dorabji Bhatana a middle-aged Parsi residing at Nowroz Baug, Kalachowki fell down from the third floor of his residential quarters yesterday and died on the spot.

ALL-INDIA WRESTLING TOURNAMENT

AT

BRABOURNE STADIUM

On 10th, 11th and 12th March, 1944, at 9 p.m.

IN AID OF

RED CROSS FUND

Under The Distinguished Patronage of

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY

TONIGHT'S BOUTS

1. Muzoorhusen Vs. Lal Pehelwan
2. Gausa Vs. Arjunsing
3. Hamida (son of Mehtab) Vs. Nabi-bux.
4. Malapa Tadakia Vs. Mohansing

And ten other sensational bouts between Giant Wrestlers from all over India.

Special Bouts of Bombay Favourites.

Season Tickets Rs. 25|- for three days

From Cricket Club of India Office.

Daily Tickets Rs. 10, 5, 3 and 1-8-0 from the

BOOKING OFFICE OF THE BRABOURNE STADIUM

Today Matinee at 1 p.m.

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SEASON'S BEST—

Directed ENTERTAINER

MEHBOOB Productions

TAQDEER

DIRECTED BY MEHBOOB

ROXY

Fri., Sat., Sun. Matinee at 1 p.m.

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30

Reservation: 9-30 to 12 and 3-30 to 6.

Bookings: Indian Film Exchange, Bombay 8.

EXCELSIOR

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

A glorious Feast of Music

THE GREAT MR. HANDEL

in TECHNICOLOR

with

WILFRID LAWSON

ELIZABETH ALLAN

LIGHT HOUSE

MATUNGA (B. B.) 'Phone: 61480

Showing from TO-DAY (INDIAN PICTURE)

"SHADI"

Starring: KHURSHED, MOTILAL & MADHURI

Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

To-day, Sat., Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.

VAGARIES of the PUBLIC OPINION

Sent her away—and called her back

PRAKASH PICTURES

RAM RAJYA

30th WEEK

Director: VIJAY BHATT

SUPER

To-day MARATHI at 9-30 a.m.

Fri. Sat., Sun. HINDI at 12-30.

HINDI Daily at 3-30 & 6-30 p.m.

MARATHI Daily at 9-45 p.m.

An 'EVERGREEN' Release

5th WEEK

RANJIT'S SPECTACULAR MYTHOLOGICAL

SHANKAR PARVATI

SADHONA BOSE, AROON,

Director: C. A. DOSHI

AJIT Release

OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

Fri., Sat., Sun. Matinee 1-30.

Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30.

REGAL ('Phone 35017)

AT 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

Sunday, 10-30 a.m.

"THE MAJOR AND THE MINOR"

Ginger Rogers, Ray Milland.

CAPITOL, Sunday: 10 a. m.

Boris Karloff, Bela Lugosi. Basil Rathbone

"Son of Frankenstein"

BROADWAY

TRIUMPHANT 3RD WEEK

Fri., Sat., Sun. 2, 4-30 7-15 & 10 p.m.

Daily at 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.

MUMTAZ SHANTI, ULHAS, AGA

IN THEIR BEST ROLE IN

SAWAL

MORNING SHOWS FRIDAY 10-3-44 10-15 A.M.

PRAHLAD TAMIL.

SUNDAY 12-3-44 10-15 A.M.

DEVATA

SOCIAL TELUGU PICTURE

Tickets can be had in advance at Theatre.

Majestic 1-30, 4, 7, 10 p.m.

HAMARI BAAT

BOMBAY TALKIES' CHARMING MUSICAL

Starring: DEVIKA RANI & JAIRAJ.

With Mumtaz Ali, Suraiya, Prabha, David.

Produced by: AMIYA CHAKRABARTI.

To-day Matinee at 1 p.m.

A CUTE MUSICOMEDY WITH RHYME & ROMANCE!

DANCE—QUEEN

MUMTAZ SHANTI MURARI'S Marvellous Musical Hit!

in a singing, dancing role!

'BADALTI-DUNIYA'

Direction: MOHANSINHA Music: K. C. Dey & others.

with TRILOK KAPUR K. C. DEY, SHAHZADI

AT

NEW WEST END

2nd Week Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m. Sat., Sun. at 1 p.m.

TODAY AT 5-15 P. M.

YOU'LL HEAR THE DIVINE BHAJANS AND DELIGHTFUL 'HOLI' AND 'BASANT' SONGS OF

Kumari Jyuthika Ray

Additional Attraction

Prof. DEODHAR'S FAMOUS ORCHESTRA and DELIGHTFUL DANCES

TODAY, TOMORROW & SUNDAY AT 5-15 p.m.

SUNDERBAI HALL New Queen's Road.

Tickets can be had at the Hall from 9-30 a.m.

Rates: Rs. 19, 12, 9, 6-8, 5, 2-8, 1-4.

Organisers: J. C. SHAH & Co.

MAKE A NOTE!

GALA PREMIERE SATURDAY 18TH

Here at last is the Story of India's teeming masses Movingly told

ANAND BROTHERS' SAGA OF OUR SOIL

ZAMIN

Subject Pt. SHIVKUMAR

Direction PT. ANAND KUMAR

Starring DURGA KHOTE DAVID, KHURSHEED, RAJBISWAS NAVIN YAGNIK

Commencing SAT. 18th AT MINERVA

A 'PEERLESS PICTURES' Release

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'A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Men trust rather to their eyes than to their ears. The effect of precept is therefore slow and tedious, while that of example is summary and effectual.

—SENECA.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE PEOPLE'S DUTY

The Bombay Government are doubtless making some strenuous attempts to grow more food in the province and control its distribution to a larger extent than they have done so far. But as they are neither responsible to the Legriculture, one cannot be very sanguine about the results of their paper programmes. Nor is one much enthused by the figures about production, cited at the meeting of the Bombay Provincial Rural Development Board, held in the city on Monday last. It was pointed out at the meeting that the outturn of food crops in 1942-43 was 3,600,000 tons and that in the current it was expected to be 3,800,000 tons. Even if the expectations for the current year are fulfilled, the increase will be less than 6 per cent, which is far below the figure needed to remedy the prevailing scarcity. It seems doubtful if the expectation will be fulfilled; for, according to the Director of Agriculture himself, the total area under major Kharif crops of 1943 was 10,983,000 acres as against 11,324,000 acres in 1942. It is not easy to share his hope that, in spite of the reduction in the area, the actual out-turn at the end of the year will be found to be 6 per cent more.

As if to explain the reduction in the acreage under Kharif food crops—the current year, the Director says that, so far as increase in acreage is concerned, a stage has been reached where there is not much hope for further expansion on a voluntary basis—and that any further progress in food production will be on the lines of increasing outturn per acre rather than of increasing the acreage. That increased outturn should be attempted through better methods of cultivation goes without saying. But it is difficult to believe that such methods employed on fresh lands will not yield satisfactory results. If new land can be got by any means to produce more food to any appreciable extent, it must be produced, cost being a secondary consideration in times of acute scarcity. But this means better irrigational facilities. We are told that a scheme for well construction and improvement in scarcity areas at a total cost of Rs. 3.46 lakhs has been sanctioned and that Government have also approved proposals to re-establish a boring section under the Agricultural Engineer to assist cultivators in improving and extending well irrigation of food crop production. Considering that this is capital expenditure yielding permanent benefit, Government ought to be less niggardly in their grants for this purpose.

The food problem should not be left exclusively to Government. A non-official organisation is necessary both to popularise the "grow more food" campaign and to see that Government's new policy of procurement and distribution is carried out equitably. Some of the features of the new policy demand constant vigilance on the part of the people and this can be best done through a strong representative committee with branches in every district, if not in every taluka. The Mayor of Bombay has already taken the initiative in this matter and has called a meeting on Sunday the 19th March to consider the question of appointing a non-official body for the purpose suggested above. Such a body with a network of branches all over the province has long been due and it should not be delayed any longer.

Kasturba Memorial

All-India will warmly welcome the proposal to collect a fund to be called the Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Fund and to be presented to Mahatma Gandhi on his seventy-fifth birthday to be spent for the welfare and education of Indian women. In view of Shrimati Kasturba's many sacrifices and martyrdom in the cause of the country, it is but just that the country should collect a fund of not less than 75 lakhs of rupees. That amount will mark the age of 75 years, which Mahatma Gandhi will have attained on October 2 next. The signatories to the appeal for the fund hope that by then he will have been released. But one must not be too sure of the ways of the British Government. The absence of Gandhiji in jail must be a perpetual reminder to the people of their duty by him and his departed wife. The Committee appointed for the purpose of collecting the proposed sum is doubtless representative. But it should co-opt several more members to make it more representative still. And it should start work at once. Till the proposed fund is collected all provincial memorial schemes must be merged in this. We trust the proposed amount will be collected in not more than 75 days.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A Fresh Move

A sense of safety as well as of justice has induced a number of Members of Parliament to make one more effort at a settlement with Congress at the present important stage in the war against Japanese imperialism. To hear the Congress case first-hand they have invited Mrs. Naidu to visit England and state it there and they hope she will be later be able to proceed to Washington and Ottawa for the same purpose. It is a modest suggestion which may do more for the United Nations than some of them can now imagine. But will those who have gagged her here allow her to expose abroad the injustice to Congress? Much depends upon the way the British M. P.'s press their demand. Incidentally, the cable which, our London correspondent says, has been addressed to Mrs. Naidu care of "Bombay Chronicle" has not yet been received in this office. The ways of the Indian bureaucrats are comic as well as despotic.

Fate Of Berlin

Sir Archibald Sinclair hinted recently in the House of Commons that the period between the February and March moons will be remembered as one of the decisive stages of the whole war. These words are coming true, at any rate as far as Berlin is concerned. That most blitzed city in Europe has been recently taken in hand by the American Air Force in addition to the usual attacks by the R. A. F. and within the last eight days they paid four visits to Berlin. Out of these, two were mass daylight raids and the fierce nature of the operations can be realised from the estimate that 176 German aircraft were destroyed in last Monday's attack for the loss of 68 American bombers and 11 fighters. The fact that the U.S.A.A.F. is prepared to pay such a relatively heavy price for its daylight precision offensive shows the great importance the Allies attach to the destruction of Berlin's industrial area. The capital of the Reich has already become a deserted city according to the eyewitness description of two pilots and if the present tempo of the day-and-night blitz is continued, it will not be long before it becomes a dead city.

United Front In Yugoslavia

One of the most deplorable features of the partisan struggle against the Nazis which is going on with more or less intensity throughout occupied Europe is the internecine rivalry between different bodies of the partisans. By a supreme irony this is particularly the case in Yugoslavia, where the patriot forces under Marshal Tito have opened a regular front against the German Army and tied up a number of its divisions. A personal feud exists between Tito and Mihailovitch, the other partisan leader, and regular skirmishes have frequently occurred between their groups. The latter happens to be the War Minister of the exile Yugoslav Government, whom the Soviet Government long ago accused of being a German Fifth Columnist—a charge recently substantiated by Mr. Churchill himself. Marshal Tito, on his part, will have nothing to do with King Peter, who continues to employ a traitor as his War Minister! The situation is thus as paradoxical as it is unfortunate and the historic differences between the various racial minorities in Yugoslavia have only accentuated the tragedy. It is, therefore, gratifying to learn that the deadlock between Marshal Tito and King Peter is likely to be resolved, within the next few days. The latter's Cabinet will be more broadbased while Tito on his part will agree to drop his republicanism if a really representative Government is formed. This is a happy solution of the impasse and it is to be hoped that it will lead to unity of all the groups and parties in Yugoslavia. That itself will bring their liberation from the Nazi yoke appreciably nearer.

NEW TAXATION PROPOSALS

ANOMALIES AND HARDSHIPS

Messrs. Tanubhai Devidas Desai and Bhogilal Chimanlal Shah

The new Taxation proposals as envisaged by the new budget proposals have certain aspects and it is proposed to point out a few of them.

It may be of interest to note that although so far as E.P.T. taxation of companies is concerned, the whole of the 100 per cent of excess profits is being taken away by the Government, (66 2/3 by way of E.P.T., 19 19/24 being the compulsory deposits being calculated at 19/64 of 66 2/3 being E.P.T. payable, and 13 13/24 being the income-tax and the corporation tax on the amount remaining after payment of the E.P.T. calculated at 4-1/2 annas income-tax and 2 annas corporation tax), but so far as individuals or joint families or associations of persons are concerned, the incident of taxation is such that in certain cases the, assessee has to pay moneys from his own pocket in order to comply with the requirements of payment of the E.P.T., the compulsory deposits and the income-tax and super-tax. For example, it may be pointed out that in those cases, assuming the standard profit is the minimum, viz., Rs. 36,000/- if the assessee earns Rs. 4 lakhs, the total amount payable by way of E.P.T. liability, income-tax, super-tax and the deposit comes to Rs. 4,01,215-10-8, that is to say, he has to pay more than what he actually earns by way of profits. Similarly calculated, on upper grades of income, he has to pay proportionately higher, taking, for example, in the same case if he were to earn Rs. 10 lakhs, he will have to pay a sum of Rs. 10,74,006-10-8, that is to say, he will have to pay from his own pockets over the whole of the profits a sum of Rs. 74,000/-. It seems that this aspect has not been considered by those in charge and it is submitted that no taxation could be said to be fair which impose more than 100 per cent liability to pay and it is urged that there must be a suitable provision made whereby in no case any person is made liable to pay more than 100 per cent of what he has earned by way of Excess Profits.

PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANIES HIT HARD

In the case of Private Limited Companies, it should be noticed that Private Limited Companies have been hit hard to a greater extent inasmuch as they have not only to pay 100 per cent of the excess profits but even out of the standard profits, they have to pay 4-1/2 annas by way of income-tax and 3 annas by way of corporation tax, except to the extent to which they do not distribute any dividend. The result is that not only does the Government take awa the whole of the excess profits, but compared with the pre-war conditions, when taxes had to be paid at the rate of 3 1/2 annas before the war, including both income-tax and the corporation tax, now they have to pay 7 1/2 annas. Thus it will be noticed that heavy inroads are made on even the standard profits (i.e. usual profits prior to war) to the extent of more than 100 per cent of the pre-war taxes.

Even in cases of registered firms with 4 partners, for example, earning beyond a certain level brings about the result that the assessee has to pay more than he earns by way of Excess Profits, for example, a firm with 4 partners having a minimum standard profit of Rs. 36,000 say, for example, earning Rs. 12 lakhs has to pay a total sum of Rs. 12,11,951 and if it earns Rs. 15 lakhs has to pay Rs. 15,36,074. For this calculation, it is assumed that the partners have no other income except the share or other registered firm. If they have any other income, tax liability is likely to be increased to that extent.

In making these observations, it must not be lost sight of the fact that the same are based on the assessment made on the income, which is returned by the assessee. In practice, however, it is usually found that the income as assessed by the tax authorities is larger than the actual income, because of certain disallowances and additions, with the result that in practice it may be that the incidents of taxation would be greater than what is computed here and in fact, an assessee in that case would find that he has had to pay more than 100 per cent.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

NO WAY TO INDEPENDENCE WITHOUT SETTLEMENT WITH LEAGUE

"C. R." Says Strong Central Govt. And Unity Under Compulsion Are Incompatible With Our Aspirations

LUCKNOW, March 9.

"The only way to produce British willingness is by an honest and satisfactory settlement with the Muslim League. Until we recognise this all talk of Indian independence is pure literary or rhetorical exercise", says Mr. C. Rajagopalachari in the course of a 2,000-word front page article in "The Hindustan", an English weekly under the editorship of Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, Parliamentary Secretary for Publicity in the Congress Ministry, which makes its appearance on March 10.

SETTLEMENT WITH JINNAH

"A settlement with Mr. Jinnah", adds Mr. Rajagopalachari, "is I believe possible. I do not justify all his policies or his terms or even his general attitude. But we cannot find a way to independence without a settlement with the Muslim League. Dealing with facts, and functioning in the present, those who desire a Free India must deal with the League".

He continues:—"I say that a settlement with the Muslim League is possible because its demand for the right to separate is not a claim for tribal sovereignties but is linked to definite territorial units to be delimitized with regard to contiguity and homogeneity of population. The claim is made conditional on the definitely expressed desire of the population of such areas. It is not demanded that separation should be effected without a right of appeal to the people of the area concerned. There are here no problems that are incapable of solution by negotiation and agreement".

"It is only by agreement", he goes on "that we can build up a strong Central Government. It is only by conceding the right of self-determination to every sizable homogeneously peopled area that we can bring it to being an undivided Hindustan. To maintain United India with disunited Provinces is possible only if we accept the active and effective control of a foreign power. To keep a strong Central Government in real power checking all dissenting units, we require the British Power with an army of occupation.

Mr. Rajagopalachari pleads that we should arrive at a settlement with the League and force a situation that will create and foster British willingness for an interim Government apart from post-war settlement.

The Soviet decree of autonomy to every unit confederated in the U. S. S. R., he says, has a lesson for Indian politicians and nation-builders. Those who raise the Liberal slogan of strong Government, or the Hindu Mahasabha slogan of 'undivided Hindustan' both ask in effect for a continuance and permanent entrenchment in India of the British Government.

A strong Central Government and the maintenance of unity under compulsion are wholly incompatible with the aspiration for complete independence and the evolution of it without civil war.—A. P.

FOOD PROCUREMENT POLICY

Govt. Promises Fair Deal For Producers

Mr. J. Booth, Director of Supplies (Districts), answered criticisms regarding the recent food procurement and distribution order of the Government of Bombay at a Press Conference held at the Secretariat, on Thursday.

Criticisms were offered to a recent publication in the Bombay Government Gazette containing an order, under the Defence of India Rules, to sell to the Provincial Government at price fixed by Government or the District Magistrate the quantity of cereal foodgrains.

Mr. Booth agreed that the burden of producing the required crop would be shifted on to the producers, but he assured that Government would be fairly generous in procuring foodgrains.

Regarding distribution of foodstuffs in the transition period, he stated shops had been already opened in several districts and more shops would be opened. In Ratnagiri, for example, there were at present 200 shops run by the Panchayats, co-operative societies and other organisations.

In connection with the problem of total production and supplies, he pointed out how with the total output of cereal crop plus 4 lakhs tons of imported grains, the people of the Province could get only 370 lbs. per capita, which worked out at a little over one lb. per individual per day.

DELHI UNIVERSITY WELCOMES IRAN MISSION

NEW DELHI, March 9.

The University of Delhi accorded an official reception to the Persian Cultural Mission in the University Hall to-day when Sir Maurice Gwyer, Vice-Chancellor presided over a lunch in their honour.

Sir Maurice proposed the health of the delegation.

PLEA FOR CO-OPERATION

Aga Ali Asgar Hikmat, leader of the Persian Mission, said the time had come when scholars and students, who represented the forces of peace and salvation should take the fullest advantage of facilities offered for the benefit of mankind and the great scholars who were to-day treading the path of knowledge in the corners of Delhi, Aligarh, Lahore, Bombay, Lucknow etc., should co-operate with their colleagues in Shiraz, Ispahan, Teheran and Tabriz. Iranians and Indians should work together like brothers for the peace and salvation of mankind. This was the ideal with which they had come out on this mission.

The External Affairs Department, Government of India, gave an official reception to the Iranian Cultural Mission at the United Nations' centre this evening. The members of the Mission were introduced to the guests by Sir Olaf Caroe, External Affairs Secretary. The Consul-General of Iran and his staff attended the function.—A. P.

K. SREENIVASAN RETURNS TO MADRAS

Sequel To Death Of Daughter

BEZWADA, March 9.

Mr. K. Sreenivasan, managing editor of the "Hindu" who was on his way to Delhi to attend the meeting of the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference is returning to Madras to-night by the Calcutta Mail on receipt of the news of the sudden death of his daughter, Mrs. Radha Narasimhan at Delhi to-day.—A. P.

Jain Temple Incident

As a result of joint investigation carried out by civil and military authorities a sepoy has been arrested and charged in connection with the "Jain Temple" incident reported in "Bombay Chronicle" of February 21st. There is no evidence for the initial report that European soldiers were involved. The sepoy in question is not being claimed for military court martial but will be tried by civil process.

BOMBAY'S INADEQUATELY FED CHILDREN

Two Milk Schemes On The Tapis

(From Our Staff Correspondent)

II❖

There are two milk schemes on the tapis now. Broadly speaking, they are meant for two types of children; one for the infant, which, for lack of sufficient breast milk, is found "mewling and puking" in its mother's arms and the other for the under-fed, undernourished, whining schoolboy or girl who, with his or her satchel swung over the shoulders, painfully toddles to municipal primary schools.

As far as the first scheme is concerned, the initiative has been taken by Government and it is intended to saddle the Bombay Municipality with the responsibility of feeding the undernourished, less than two-year old infants, with milk. The arrangement is not yet complete; details are still to be worked out; gaps yet to be filled in. It, however, appears that Government is prepared to bear 50 per cent of the expenditure after the scheme is introduced.

The other scheme is also in an embryonic stage. The Municipal Schools Committee has recommended the sanction of Rs. 1,25,000 to feed under-nourished children with free milk. The proposal is likely to come before the Corporation next week, when the sanction for the amount will be sought. The old method of serving milk adopted in an earlier scheme which was given a go-by, provoked some criticisms. Objection was raised against serving milk in Municipal School premises. In view of this objection, it may be found necessary to open independent "milk centres."

Although the number of children who will be fed under this scheme is not yet known, as it has yet to be worked out after the sanction of the Corporation is obtained, it is estimated that about 4,000 children may get the benefit out of it.

As the very problem of milk supply to the city as a whole bristles with difficulties, great care and caution may be taken to prepare the schemes before they are put into operation. Sometime ago, Government tried to solve the problem of milk supply. It produced two schemes, one a short-term one and the other a long term one. Both the schemes have not progressed, perhaps because no solution has yet been found to these basic problem of serving an increased population of over 20 lakhs, without any material increase in the quantity of milk which was not adequate even for a population of 15 lakhs. This is, then, the crux of the problem. In this is intricately entwined the two schemes of supplying milk to the children

The response to the scheme of feeding children below two years is being awaited. It is this scheme, as I have stated, which, according to authorities, forms a barometer to judge the problem of malnutrition. If the response to this scheme is ready and wide, then it will be judged that malnutrition is a deep-seated malady in the city. In that case the authorities will be forced to resort to more drastic measures

(To Be Continued.)

*The first article of the series appeared on 9th instant.

AID TO FAMILIES OF DETENUS

Mr. Thakkar's Appeal For Help

Mr. A. Thakkar, President of the Distress Relief Committee, has issued the following statement:—

I have issued this appeal on behalf of the Distress Relief Committee which was formed last July in Bombay under my chairmanship. The immediate object with which it was constituted was to help the families of those who have been detained under Government Order or sentenced to imprisonment for taking part in the Satyagraha movement.

The number of applications received so far exceed 1,200. These are from different parts of India viz., the United Provinces, Orissa, Tamil Nadu, Andhra, Gujrat, Maharashtra, Karnatak, Malabar and Central Provinces from families whose earning members are confined to jail without trial, from families where persons have been shot dead or disabled due to firing and from families where persons have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from a few months to 43 years.

The sufferers are mostly women and children. The earning members have been separated from these families for long periods during which the dependents have been reduced to a state of helplessness. Inquiries are made into the requirements of individuals through trusted responsible public workers and full details are obtained, before sanctioning relief. The maximum amount of relief sanctioned to any family does not exceed Rs. 30 per month. The amounts granted are sent by money order to the principal dependents such as wife, mother or aged father. Relief is given only to families who have no means of livilhood as the earning members are in jail and who although detenus do not receive an allowance from the Government.

The Committee has rendered relief to 86 cases from Maharashtra, 13 from Gujrat, 375 from Karnatak, 9 from Tamil Nadu, 3 from Malabar, 87 from Andhra, 38 from Behar, 15 from Bombay, 171 from Orissa, 163 from United Provinces and 38 from Central Provinces. The relief rendered so far amounts to about Rs. 26,700. The present monthly expenditure comes to about Rs. 11,000 and is likely to increase as more applications for relief are being received. The work will have to be continued till the political situation becomes more settled and the earning members of the distressed families are released from jail.

The relief of distress among the families of those who have had to suffer because of their political convictions is humanitarian work which should appeal to all who feel for the suffering of their fellow-citizens no matter what their political creed is. Holding this view, I appeal for funds in aid of the Committee's work and hope that the response to my appeal will be both prompt and generous.

Contributions may be sent to the following:

Sjt. Vaikunth L. Mehta, (Treasurer),
Post box No. 472,
Bombay.

or

Mrs. Hansaben Mehta, (Secretary),
Khambatta Hall,
16, Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill,
Bombay 26.

BOMBAY BAN ON THESE BOOKS

BOMBAY, March 9.

The Government of Bombay have declared, under the Defence of India Rules, forfeited to His Majesty all copies of the following books and all documents containing copies, reprints, translations of, or extracts from them: "La guerra d'Etiopia" (the Abyssinian War) by Marshal Badoglio; "Che vuole il Giapone" (What does Japan Want?) by H. V. Doening, translated by Prof. A. Treves; "Blut and Ehre" (Blood and Honour) by Alfred Rosenberg: "Spionage" by H. R. Berndorff; "Vom Kaiserhoff zur Reichskayiai" (From Hotel Kaiserhoff to Reichchancery) by J. Goebbels; "Das erwachende Berlin" (Berlin Awakening) by J. Goebbels; "Hitler-Deutschi and von einem Auslaender Geshen" (Hitler's Germany as seen by a foreigner) by C. Santoro; English translation of "Hitler-Deutschland von einem Auslaender Geshen"; "Japan must fight Britain" by Lt. Commdr. T. Ishimaru; "Secrets of Japan through Indian eyes" by Chaman Lal; "Speech by the Fuehrer before the Reichstag, 24-5-1939"; "German Labour Service" by Fritz Edel; and "The Hitler State" by Prof. Kumar Sarker.—United Press.

Science Institute Magazine

The Royal Institute of Science Magazine is a good sized journal of 76 pages, got up in a workmanlike fashion and well printed on excellent paper. The Editors tell us that it very nearly became a war casualty and the principal of the institute had to put in special effort to secure permission to print one issue. And then they go on to say: "Having got a magazine it seemed as if we had very nearly nothing to put in it. The number of contributions received and their quality, were disappointing, to say the least. Editing consisted, mainly, of letting as much as possible through, so as to get a decent-sized magazine...."

GHALIB DAY

Sunday's Celebrations In Bombay

The Secretary, Ghalib Day Committee, writes:—

The people of Bombay are observing the 75th death anniversary of the great Urdu poet 'Ghalib' on March 12. More than a dozen cultural organisations including the P.E.N. Club, Anjuman Taraqqi-i-Urdu, Progressive Writers' Association, People's Theatre Association, Anjuman Islam prominent citizens like Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. Syed Abdullah Brelvi, Editor, "Bombay Chronicle" Mr. Osman Sobhani, Josh Malihabadi, Mr. Husain Beg Mohamed, Dr. Abdul Hamid Qazi, Film Directors like Mr. Mahboob, Mr. Kardar, Mr. Fazl-i-Sibtani, Mr. Sohrab Modi and Mr. Najmal Hasan, writers like Saadat Hasan Minto, Dewan Sharar, Pandit Suddarshan, Khawja Ahmed Abbass, Sajhar Nizami, Prof. Najib Ashraf, Sajjad Zaheer, Rahul Sankritayan and educationists like Dr. Bazlur Rahman, Principal of Ismailia College, Andheri, Prof. A.A.A. Fyzee, Principal, Law College, Bombay University, Principal, Anjuman Islam High School, Principal, Beg Mohammed High School; Principal Habib High School, are fully co-operating to make this through his exquisite lyrics. Again Ghaffar, famous Litterateur has kindly consented to preside.

Ghalib occupies a unique position in the history of our culture. Both in his personality and in his poetry and prose works he represents the best in the Indian civilisation of the nineteenth century. It was Ghalib's genius that evolved newer and more beautiful literary forms, giving to his people a message of joyous response to life and optimistic endeavour through his exquisite lyrics. Again it was Ghalib, who used the then newly-developed common language of Urdu as a vehicle for the expression of profound thoughts and delicate imagery. It is but proper that on this occasion we pay a homage to the memory of the great master, so that our cultural life should be enriched and vitalised. We hope that the public of Bombay will wholeheartedly participate in the programme for the Ghalib Day at 'Qaiser Bagh Hall, Dongri,' at 3 p.m. on Sunday March 12.

The Next Mayor

Preparatory to the election of the next (Hindu) Mayor, Mr. Mahomedbhai Rowji has issued a statement asking that Mrs. Lilavati Munshi should be elected to that office as a lady. I wonder what Mr Rowji has got to do with the choice of the Congress Party in the Corporation. When a Muslim Mayor was to be elected two years ago, it did not occur to him to suggest that Mrs. Shafi Tyabji should be the first lady Mayor, because he was an aspirant himself. Now that it is somebody else who is to practise self-abnegation, Mr. Rowji is canvassing the cause of Mrs. Munshi.

The choice of the Mayor is in the first instance to be made by the Congress Party. The Congress Party in the Corporation has no alternative before it. The Congress Party in the Corporation is a creation of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. The President of the B. P. C. C., who is a Hindu, is a member of the Corporation and was the leader of the Congress Party in 1940, is now a detenu. The Congressmen in the City in an overwhelming majority will resent it if his name is not accepted by the Congress Municipal Party for the office of the Mayor. It is a surprise to us that any other name should be canvassed. Support from non-Congressmen is something which no Congress candidate for the Mayoralty can or should think of before his or her name is accepted by the Congress Party. The selection of the proper person is a sacred duty and not the unrestricted privilege of the Congress Municipal Party.

P. R. LELE.

All-India Textile Conference

The Conference will be in full swing ere these few lines appear in print. It will no doubt prove to be a 'thumping success' as so many today in India do. A galaxy of preeminent men will preside, discuss and ultimately decide They include mill owners, textile engineers and technological experts and the items include exhibition and entertainment, too.

But where is the man who actually works to produce the textile goods over which these experts will discuss hotly? The textile world owes at least something to the vast body of dumb labourers who sweat and toil. Among the several subjects discussed, is there anything concerning him? Is there even a faint chance of his humble opinions and suggestions being listened to in such conferences and a chance to witness the many fine things he has produced in a public exhibition with a glow of pride and joy? It is time we think of them also on such future occasions.

GURUDATT R. GULVADY.
Matunga.

Islam Or Mohammedanism?

From a letter of Mr. Mani H. Mehta, published in the "Chronicle" of March 3, under the caption, "Caste Must Go", I find that he wrongly uses the word "Mohammadanism" for Islam, the Religion perfected by Mohammed (peace be on him). I wonder, how an educated person like Mr. Mehta, should make such a mistake.

G. A. MOLEDINA.
Khar, March 8, 1944.

Kaira Police Headquarters

It is really surprizing that a decision to shift the police headquarters of Kaira District should have been taken without assigning any valid reasons. Kaira town is the headquarters of all Government offices of Kaira district since 1803, when it passed from the hands of Gaekwar. Kaira Municipality has raised a strong protest and the authorities should shelve the issue of shifting the headquarters for the time being

KANTILAL KORA.
Kaira.

"Caste Must Go"

Mr. J. E. Sanjana's cockeyed scholarship demands that Harijans should adopt Christianity to escape the evil clutches of the Hindu caste system.

Mr. Sanjana has not apparently known the results of Christianity in Poland, Germany Russia, Eastern Europe, Spain, Portugal, Central America, South America and the southern United States whose population is in excess of the combined Indian Muslims and Harijans, nor does he seem to be aware that Indian Christians and Muslims practice caste restrictions.

If Mr. Sanjana agrees with Marx and Engels that "religion is the opiate of mankind" he should advocate the abolition of Hinduism Christianity, Islam, Zoaroastrianism, Judaism, Buddhism and other empty names. He should know that religion has caused more human bloodshed than either woman, property or vanity, or all combined.

The orthodox Hindus who have gladly and voluntarily thrown away seventy million Hindus to Islam and over five millions to Christianity, will not be worried if 60 million Harijans become converts to Christianity.

Till reason triumphs the Harijans will not be given a fair deal, economically, socially, educationally and culturally. They need this fair deal more than a religion either old or new.

H. G. MUDGAL.

Jan Mansion,
Fort, Bombay.
March 1, 1944.

Babasaheb Deshmukh's Ashram

After great deal of deep thinking and consequent conviction I have arrived at the final conclusion that whole-hearted devotion to the Almighty Lord is the radical panacea for all ills and miseries that have been overshadowing mankind. This conclusion actually impelling me I am humbly announcing that I henceforth cease to be in active agitational politics.

I am conscious of my weaknesses and limitations. Withal I have resolved upon making a beginning. I have started a "Sadhanashram" (devotee's resort) just near Virul station on the Pulgaon-Arvi Road. Devotionally minded persons holding conviction similar to mine and willing to submit to the discipline of the Ashram may find a resort in the "Sadhanashram". Here it would not be a life of mere recluse for the inmates. Service of the poor and misery stricken by adequate means would have its due place in the activities of the Ashram. The Sadhak may belong to any religion, caste, creed or denomination.

Renounced as I have my hereditary belongings I will have to depend on public help only, which I am confident, would flow in duly. Though the control and conduct of the Ashram will vest in me, eventually a permanent board of trustees would be created in whom the Ashram belongings would be vested An advisory committee also would be formed who would be helpful in the conduct of the Ashram. May God through prospective devotees and the public at large bless the institution.

NILKANTHARAO (BABASAHEB) DESHMUKH.

SADHANASHRAM
Virul
Dist. Wardha

SOME IF'S

Life In Cities Could Be More Tolerable

If you did not allow your dudhvala to rat-tat-tat-tat at your door so loud, at 5 O'clock, every morning when your neighbour is in the midst of his beauty sleep.

If you did not do your daily "datan" at the front window, and after cleaning the tongue therewith, fling it on the footpath below on the heads of early risers going out for a walk.

If after eating bananas at breakfast, you did not drop the skin on the road way, thereby making elderly gentlemen slip thereon and break their dignity and knees (as often has happened).

If after lighting a cigar, you did not throw the lighted match or the unfinished stub, out of the window, on the innocent pedestrian below, thereby perhaps igniting his clothes and causing his death (as occurred in one case).

If when hurrying to your office thereafter, and taking a tram, or a bus or buying your ticket at the Railway office, you did not push and jostle and snarl, like hyenas and behave generally like mad elephants in the jungle (as is being daily done in Bombay) so as to necessitate the presence of a policeman to regulate your conduct, incidentally causing much secret amusement to the policeman at the spectacle of "burra log" behaving in that manner and having to be kept in order by such as he.

If after taking your seat, you did not clear your throat and spit out of the car (spraying the froth all round) or worse still, inside the car.

If you returned the books that you borrowed.

N. H. PANDYA.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"We have special responsibility and must know the Congress case stated in a free atmosphere and not under duress so that we can judge for ourselves the real or imaginary gulf between the demands of the Congress and the stated war aims of the United Nations. .....It is vital that the Congress viewpoint should be stated and examined carefully by public opinion in the United Nations."

—Lord Strabolgi in an interview with our London Correspondent.

* * *

The Chief Allied Commissioner of liberated Italy has sanctioned a public demonstration to protest against the recent speech of Premier Churchill in the Commons.

The news that Lord Wavell is following suit in India is unauthorised.

*

Reports are circulating in the United States that differences have arisen between Britain and America regarding the Burma campaign.

It is only fair to state that neither Burma, for which the campaign is being fought, nor India, from where the offensive will be launched, is in any way responsible for the difference.

* * *

The New Delhi Correspondent of the London "Times" has dismissed the ten thousand crore scheme of Indian industrialists as "only a moonshine."

In any circumstances, this moonshine is preferable to the mirage of post-war posterity presented recently by the Finance Member in his budget.

* * *

The Government of India have banned the entry of Louis Fischer's "Empire" in India.

They probably thought that it was like carrying coals to Newcastle.

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague)

(1) *The price of sack-cloth has dropped down heavily since Lord Wavell declared that he did not want Congressmen to appear before him in "sack-cloth and ashes."*

(2) *Now that gold has become cheaper in terms of wheat (vide Sir Jeremy Raisman's speech in Assembly), the "Grow More Food" campaign will be supplemented with an "Eat More Gold" drive.*

(3) *To carry out the propaganda effectively, the Government of India is engaging more journalists and under journalists on thousand calories a day.*

(4) *The Iranian delegation which is touring India at present is so impressed by the benefit of British rule that on their return home they will advise the Persian Government to apply for a membership of the British Commonwealth.*

Gen. Swayne Appointed Chief Of Staff In India

LONDON, March 8.

The War Office announces Lieut-enant-General J. G. Des Reaux Swayne who is 53 has been appointed Chief of Staff in India.

Lieut.-General Sir E. L. Morris has been appointed General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Northern Command, vice Lieut-General Sir T. R. Eastwood, Governor of Gibraltar.

SALVATION ARMY PIONEER'S WIFE PASSES AWAY

LONDON, March 9.

Death is announced of Mrs. Henry Bullard, wife of Commissioner Bullard, one of the pioneers of the Salvation Army in India where she served with him for many years.

U. P. Police Inspector Found Shot Dead

LUCKNOW, March 9.

Mr. A. E. Montgomery, Inspector of U. P. Police Reserve, was found dead yesterday with a bullet wound in his chest, according to a report received here from Sultanpur.

He leaves behind his widow and two children.—A. P.

"HIS PLACE WAS IN ARMY OF FREE INDIA"

Suresh Vaidya's Evidence Before Court Martial

CANTERBURY, March 8

Mr. Suresh Vaidya, Indian member of the London editorial staff of the American papers "Time" and "Life" who is contesting the right of the British Government to call him up for army service, appeared at a Court Martial at Canterbury to-day on charges of refusing to put on his uniform and to go on parade.

He was defended by Mr. Stephen Murray at the request of the Federation of Indian Associations in Great Britain.

Mr. Vaidya returned his calling up papers on the ground that as an Indian he was not liable for service in the British army. An appeal on his behalf was made to the Prime Minister and questions have been asked in Parliament.

Mr. Murray submitted that Mr Vaidya was not subject to the provisions of the National Service (Armed Forces) Act of 1939 which stated that no person should be liable for service who was not ordinarily resident in Great Britain and that a person should be deemed ordinarily resident unless his residence is less than two years or was for temporary purpose only.

Although Mr Vaidya had lived in England for nearly ten years, nevertheless Mr. Murray strongly submitted that his residence was purely temporary.

He came over in the first place to travel in England and on the Continent for the purpose of self-education during which time he had to support himself. He did in fact go to the Continent at various times before the war. To support himself he took various journalistic jobs.

Before the war, he intended to go to America and then return to India. The war put a stop to his intentions to return to India. He did register for a passage to India in 1941, but nothing came of it. That was not a case of a man who had spent a substantial part of his life in this country and then retired and returned to his own country. It was the case of a man who had taken an active and self-less part in the life of his country and held very strong views as to the desirability of its independence and that sort of thing. It was relevant as showing that he would be the last person to be expected to make England his permanent home. Mr. Murray read a statement which the accused had made before the Conscientious Objectors' tribunal to show that his attitude was consistent throughout.

Marjory D. Vaidya of London said that she had been married to the accused for nine years and from her association with him she could say that he did not regard England as their home and they had always intended to go to India, although when they went now depended on the war.

She corroborated that about the end of 1940 the accused had applied for a passage home. They were ready to go to India at any time an opportunity offered.

After Captain Shorrock had argued that under the Act, Mr. Vaidya was legally liable for service the Court overruled the defending Counsel's submission and Mr Vaidya was then formally charged with unlawfully disobeying the order of a superior officer by refusing to put on battle dress on February 4th.

Mr. Vaidya in his evidence said that he first came to this country more by accident than design in 1932. Like most Indians at that time, he wanted to see what was happening in the world outside. He came to look at England and then go home. He never intended to make England his home. India was his home. He could not go back at once, because he had no money. He had all sorts of jobs as a journalist and also dish-washing and similar work. He had been for seven years in the employ of an American magazine. It was difficult to continue his travels because of shortage of money. He had intended to go to America before the war, but was prevented by the Munich crisis. His London Office wanted him to go to India in 1940, and he registered for a passage, but nothing came of it, because the Head Office in New York did not want him to go. He had always taken the attitude that he was not liable for service. He maintained that India was his home, and he was willing and anxious to take part in fight for the freedom of the world, but as one of a free people.

In reply to Captain Shorrock, the accused said that no occasion arose before he was ordered to register for him to make a protest to the authorities. He appeared before the Conscientious Objectors' Tribunal in November 1941. The decision was against him, and that was upheld on appeal. He did not object to the court, but he objected, because it was a piece of arbitrary legislation, as it affected him as an Indian.

In a letter to Mr. Bevin he had objected on legal grounds. His permanent home was in India where all his family were, and he intended to return there.

Mr. Murray asked the Court to treat the accused a Conscientious Objector and give him a sentence which would enable him to appeal to an appellate tribunal. Mr. Murray said he could not understand how the tribunal came to the decision that Mr. Vaidya's objection was political and not conscientious. The objection in one sense was necessarily political, but it was wider than that and was a matter of principle. He could not be described as a shirker, for he was a man who was very deeply concerned on behalf of his fellow countrymen. Mr. Murray read letters from Mr. Reginald Sorensen, M.P. and Mr. Fenner Brockway, Political Secretary of the Independent Labour Party, testifying to Mr. Vaidya's sincerity, high character and principles.—Reuter.

PARAGUAY AND ARGENTINA

ASUNCION, March 9: Paraguay has decided to join Chile and Bolivia in continuing diplomatic relations with Argentina, if officially announced.—Reuter.

'THIS LAND IS MINE' REVIVED AT STRAND

Spencer Tracy And Katherine Hepburn At Metro

By T. V. P.

"Heaven Can Wait" made by Ernest Lubitsch for 20th Century Fox is being revived at Eros, in which Don Ameche and Gene Tierney are co-starred. Ameche is seen as Henry Van Cleve, believing himself unworthy of Heaven, applies for admission to Hell and tells the story of his life and loves, in episodic flash-backs, to Hell's 'majo' domo' (Laird Cregar) who sends him on his way to Heaven. His worst sin is eloping with his cousin's fiancee, Gene, who is lovely as a young girl and ages prettily as his wife.

"Riding High" made now in technicolor by Paramount comes to Regal, costarring Dorothy Lamour, Dick Powell and Victor Moore. A film with plenty of action, it has six tunes which are catchy.

"Keeper of the Flame" stars Spencer Tracy and Katherine Hepburn in an exciting story of the newspaper world.

'THIS LAND OF MINE'

How patriotism turns a timid school teacher into a fearless hero who signs his own death-warrant in order to set an example for his fellow-townsmen, is the stirring basis of "This Land Is Mine," starring Charles Laughton and Maureen O'Hara. This film was very popular when it ran at New Empire a few weeks back.

"The Great Mr. Handel", the G. H. W. Production has the distinction of being the first feature film to be produced in Technicolor, since the outbreak of war in England.

"Spitfire" is continued for another week at New Empire.

"Edge of Darkness", is a Warner Brothers' dramatization of William Woods' novel of a small town in Nazi-occupied Norway and the successful rebellion of its people against the conquerors. Errol Flynn and Ann Sheridan are cast as the leaders of the armed revolt and the film is shown at Aurora during the current week.

"Commandos Strike at Dawn", Columbia's thrilling adventure drama of the present war, starring Paul Muni, is at Palace this week. "Now Voyager" featuring Bette Davis and Paul Henrich is taking the Paradise screen.

HOLIDAY IN MARKETS

All City markets will remain closed to-day being Holi (2nd day) Holiday.

LONDON SILVER

LONDON, March 8.

Spot 23-1/2, Forward 23-1/2.

LONDON GOLD

London gold fine per oz £8-8-0.

LONDON WHEAT

Wheat Rozario Santa (new crop) 32/4-1/2 March/April quoted; Wheat Australian (bulk) 34 March/April quoted, Wheat Australian (bagged) 37 March/April quoted.

LONDON EXCHANGES

T T LONDON ON:

New York sellers 4.02-1/2; buyers 4.03-1/2; Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.47, Zurich sellers 17.3, buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.85, buyers 16.95.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Rupee paper 3-1/2 per cent £71-1/2 Consols 2-1/2 per cent £79; Conversion loan 3-1/2 per cent 1961 £104, War Loan 3-1/2 per cent £104, Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £113-7/8 Victory bonds 4 per cent £111-7/8, Chartered Bank of I. A. and China £9-15/16; Hongkong and Shanghai (London Reg) £75; National Bank of India £36-3/4.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week-ended the 3rd day of March 1944.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES:

Notes held in the Banking Department Rs. 10,38,04,000; Notes in circulation Rs 873,94,48,000; Total Notes issued Rs. 884,32,52,000.

ASSETS:

A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—

(a) Held in India Rs 44,41,43,000; Sterling Securities Rs. 768,83,96,000; B. Rupee Coin Rs 12,74,42,000; Government of India Rupee Securities Rs 58,32,71,000. Total Assets Rs. 884,32,52,000.

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 91.963 per cent.

CITY MARKETS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

SHARES: The local Share Bazar opened fairly firm but ruled quiet on increased selling influenced by lower dividend on Bombay Dyeings which is Rs. 50 and Rs. 15 bonus making a total of Rs. 65 against a divided of Rs. 65 last time the decrease in dividend created a feeling of disappointment as in future the rate of dividend would be on a downward grade. Tata Steel defds. opened at Rs. 2,120 and declined to Rs. 2,092 and steadied at Rs. 1,100 Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 2,095 and declined to Rs. 2,065 and

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

T S Ord (413) 415 16-8 14-8 13-8 14 12-8 13 15 14 16 15 T S Dfd (2093-12) 2120 5 2098-4 2100 2092-8 2103 2095 2107-8 2-8, Dyeing (2073-12) 2095 2100 2078 82 85 62-8 78 75 85, Century (1000) 1010 5 15 1000, Kohinoor (694) 702 4 1 694 96 91 93 96 94 99, Swadesh (586) 598 602 592 89 86 90 88 94, Nagpur (426-8) 431 32 27 25 24 28, Simplex (258) 261 62 60 58 59 58 57 59 58 61, New Great (423) 430 32 26 28 22-8 28 30, Gokak (357) 362 67 62 60 58 62 64, Cement (219-8) 220-8 21 10-8 19-8 20-8.

under small support price rallied to Rs. 2,072, Century Shares were quoted at Rs 1,000 and Kohinoors opened at Rs. 702 and declined to Rs. 695 The Share Bazar will remain closed tomorrow but will open on Saturday at 12-30 p.m. to close at 2 p.m. Later on Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 2,075 Steel Ordy Rs. 413 and Defds at Rs. 2,095

SHARE BAZAR TO REMAIN OPEN ON SATURDAY

The Stock Exchange will remain open for business on Saturday the 11th March between the hours of 12-30 and 2 p.m.

COTTON PARITY: Indian cotton May contract is below New York May 343 cent points at Exchange rate 331.

COTTON: The local cotton market was quietly steady with a moderate business. It appears that Bears are making attempts to depress prices, but at low levels selling presure remains limited and the market looks like grinding within a narrow range. Present prices are attractive and an declines are likely to attract demand for actual cotton. The general feeling is uncertain owing to discoveraging upcountry reports. May delivery opened at Rs. 444 and improved to Rs. 445-8 under moderate covering. Later on there was absence of support and prices reacted to Rs. 443-4 under moderate selling. The local market will remain closed to-morrow and will be closed 4 p.m. to-day.

Later on there was increased selling pressure and May declined to Rs. 440-8. Closing quotations at 4 p.m. were as under:—

I C C March 440, I C C May 441-8, I C C July 446, I C C September 446-8.

BULLION: Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar Sterling Cross rate was 4.02-1/2 to 4.03-1/2 at London and 4.03 at New York. London Spot and forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23-1/2 and New York Silver was quoted at 44-3/4 cents. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate business. Buyers are still hopeful on every decline, increasing support is forthcoming as supplies of Silver are limited and increasing support is forthcoming as supplies of Silver are limited and Gold selling limit is likely to be maintained around Rs. 71. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 123-4 and declined to Rs. 122-13 under scattered selling but prices soon recovered to Rs. 123-8 on renewed buying. Forward Gold was quoted at Rs. 70-15. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 126-12 and Gold Spot was placed at Rs. 71-1 and Sovereigns stood at Rs. 49-1.

WORLD COTTON SUPPLY

NEW YORK, March 3: The Cotton Exchange Service tentatively estimates world supply of all cottons this season at 50 million bales, compared with last season 49,197,000 and the record 1937/38 50,440,000.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, March 7.

I C C March highest 445-1/2; Lowest 440, closing 443-1/4; I C C May Highest 446-1/4; Lowest 439; Closing 443-1/4; I C C July Highest 450; Lowest 443; Closing 444-3/4; I C C Sept. Highest 449-1/2; Lowest 447; Closing 447.

COTTON ARRIVALS: Khandesh 94, Central India 1310, Bars 73, Hyderabad 87, Berar 2,563, Central Provinces 986, Dholera 703, Sindh Punjab 785, Broach 5,206, Totals 11,807 bales.

COTTON ROOM RATES

BOMBAY, March 9.

Jarilla Extra Spr.-fine 464, Sup. 454, Fine 444, F. Good 439, Broach Extra Spr-fine 464 Sup 459, Fine 454 F. Good 449, L S S Pun/Ame Extra Spr-fine 584 Sup. 579 Fine 574, F. Good 569, 289F Pun/Ame Extra Spr-fine 634 Sup. 629, Fine 624, F Good 619, S G 289 Extra Spr-fine 679 Sup. 674, Fine 669, F. Good 664 N T Sind/Ameri Extra Spr-fine 580 Sup 575, Fine 570, F Good 565, Sawgin Sind/Ameri Extra Spr-fine 625, Sup. 620, Fine 615, F. Good 610.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, March 9.

Khandesh Jarilla Old 270/300, New 350/380, Berar Jarilla Old 310/320, New 400/420, 289 F Jarilla Old 480/520, New 600/630, N.T. Jarilla Old 450/460, New 550/560 289 Saw-ginned Old 500/550, New 675/685.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, March 8.

March 21.01+08, May 20.54+05, July 19.96+07, October 19.43+07, December 19.23+06, January 19.16+06, May Highest 20.57+08 (10-11 a.m.), Lowest 20.50+01 (10-9 p.m.), Middling Spot 21.52+10.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, March 8.

March 21.12+03, May 20.68+05, July 20.13+09, October 19.45+6, December 19.25+05, January 19.15+05, Middling Spot 20.75+08.

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

New York, March 8.

March 20.99, May 20.53, July 19.9.

GO RACING—HELP THE WAR FUND

SPRING MEETING

3RD DAY—SATURDAY 11TH MARCH, 1944

ADMISSION:

1st Enclosure .. { Gentlemen Rs. 3-0-0 / Ladies „ 2-0-0

2nd Enclosure .. .. .. „ 1-4-0

BOMBAY RACES

WISE MOTHER'S PLAY SAFE!

PRECIOUS little baby has a delicate little system which with proper care can be the foundation-stone of a sturdy and robust physique. That's why wise mothers put their children on TONOPIL, a completely balanced and scientifically correct Tonic—free from Malt extracts and harmful stimulants.

Available at all good chemists in 6-oz. and 1-lb. bottles. Blue packing for grown-ups and pink for children under 12 years.

N380

TONOPIL

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Doctors recommend it

THE ORIENTAL PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES LTD.

Factory: Mahim. Offices: 45/47, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Managing Agents: VASANTLAL KANTILAL & CO., LTD.

RINGWORM, ECZEMA, BOILS, SORES, ITCH, CUTS, BRUISES

AND ALL SUCH SKIN TROUBLES CAN BE CURED BY

GERMEX

The Antiseptic Healing Ointment

GERMEX KILLS THE GERMS

AND

HEALS THE WOUND

Obtainable at all Stores and Chemists or direct from

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM DEPOT,

11, WESTERN INDIA HOUSE, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Rd., Fort, BOMBAY.

MUTT AND JEFF—Business Is Business Any Way You Look at It — By BUD FISHER

HEY, JUST A MINUTE, SONNY BOY! DON'T YOU KNOW THERE'S A GAS SHORTAGE AND PLEASURE DRIVING IS OUT?
IT IS?
DON'T TELL ME YOU DON'T KNOW THAT PLEASURE DRIVING AIN'T ALLOWED!
I AIN'T PLEASURE DRIVING, OFFICER!
OH, NO? I SUPPOSE DRIVING AROUND WITH A PRETTY DAME IN YOUR CAR IS BUSINESS!
STRICTLY BUSINESS! I'M DELIVERING THIS DUMMY TO MANNEQUINS!

REWARD Rs. 500

World's Greatest Herbal Invention of the 20th Century A wonder of the wonders. A boon for ladies and gents. Hair-Kill Lotion

Daily Shave, no longer a necessity. Throw away your razors. The lotion is absolutely harmless and without any after effects. It has the rare property of removing the hair from the roots leaving the skin soft, smooth and velvety. People of both sexes use HAIR-KILL LOTION throughout India and Ceylon and highly speak of its miraculous results. To make it popular it is priced at Rs. 3 packing and postage extra. A cash reward of Rs. 500 would be offered to any public man who proves the ingenuineness of the testimonials. Order now lest you be disappointed.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE, P.B. 61, (B.C.B.) LAHORE.

AMRITSAR STOCK EXCHANGE, LTD.

IS COMMENCING BUSINESS SHORTLY

Amritsar is one of the biggest Commercial Centres in India, and Amritsar Stock Exchange, Ltd. is expected to do as well as the Lahore and Delhi Stock Exchanges. The shares of The Punjab Stock Exchange are quoting at Rs. 8,000/- premium, those of Lahore Central Stock Exchange Rs. 3,000/- premium and there are buyers of Delhi Stock Exchange at Rs. 800/- premium. The Amritsar Stock Exchange shares are also expected to rise soon.

Telegraphic orders for purchase should be booked with

INVESTMENT TIMES, LAHORE

Telegraphic Address:— GOODLUCK.

ANNOUNCING

The Department of Industries and Civil Supplies Government of India at the recommendation of the Drug Control Advisory committee have been pleased to exclude "CASTOPHENE" and "CAPIRIN" from the Schedule to the Drug Control Order 1943—And that no Licenses are required in dealing in them. These Drugs can be sold without license in the Bazar.

Inserted by CASTOPHENE MANUFACTURING Co., Karachi.

"You TOO can have that KRUSCHEN feeling!"

Father Kruschen says: "The little daily dose of Kruschen Salts puts an end to ill-health." People like him who take Kruschen daily know the joy of perfect vigour and fitness. Kruschen washes the poison from your system. Cleansed and invigorated blood is sent circulating all over your body, carrying new vitality to every nerve and new vigour to every limb. Kruschen taken daily makes you healthier and happier. Start taking Kruschen today.

Rheumatism, lassitude, headaches, sluggish liver, uric acid, constipation, aches and pains, loss of appetite, bad breath, blotchy skin, high blood-pressure: all those health-destroying symptoms are banished by Kruschen.

KRUSCHEN

IT'S THE LITTLE DAILY DOSE THAT DOES IT"

VINKOLA

THE IDEAL TONIC

(Contains 30% proof alcohol)

Vinkola is the best recuperative tonic in all rundown conditions; after childbirth; during convalescence; after excessive brainwork; worry or anxiety; in loss of weight and malnutrition; insomnia; anaemia; nervous weakness and fatigue. Vinkola relieves fatigue and re-vitalises lost energy; increases appetite; promotes better digestion; stimulates blood formation; removes weakness; and induces sound sleep within a short period.

Standard

PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS LTD. CALCUTTA

SOLE STOCKISTS:—M/s. FAIRDEAL CORPN., LTD.

Lakshmi Buildings, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Rd., Fort, Bombay.

SPK 22

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-
To be paid in advance.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted an educated and social Gujrathi, or Maharashtrian lady, aged 30-35, fair complexion, widow or minor willing to marry a Upian Gour Brahmin aged 40. Fair and tall monthly income above Rs. 3,000/- plus landed property. Write Box No. 4303, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Marathi-knowing Clerks and Typists. Apply: K. R. Patwardhan, Secretary, Dena Bank, Fort.

Wanted Lady Doctor for Zenana Dispensary, free partially furnished quarters, free electric light and water. Write stating salary expected. Dadabhoy Free Zenana Dispensary, P. O. Kholvad, Dist. Surat. 8071

Wanted—Audit Clerks, knowing and experienced in Gujarati or Marwari accounts and having working knowledge of English required for immediate service at Hyderabad-Dn. Apply stating experience, salary required and with testimonials to M/s. Sundaram & Srinivasan, Registered Accountants & Auditors, 571, B. Station Road, Nampally, Hyderabad-Dn. 8073

Wanted:—Experienced Sheet Metal Workers and Tinsmiths. Applicants must be capable of working to drawings. Experience on sheet metal power presses will be considered an advantage. Applicants will be required to pass a trade test and if found suitable attractive wages will be offered. Apply to Works Manager, U.P. Government Central Workshop, Nawabganj, Cawnpore. 8053

63. FLATS TO LET

Four Room Block Tardeo area, available in exchange for two separate two room blocks, preferably Hindu locality. Write Box No. 4311, "Bombay Chronicle."

FLATS WANTED

Wanted two room Flat for vegetarian Dekkani family immediately in good locality; city or suburbs. Apply Box 4271, "Bombay Chronicle."

142. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medical, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A., etc. from American universities Fees nominal. Prospectus from General Educational Agency, Amritsar. (4212)

BUSINESS WANTED

Wanted Laundry or any Shop, running and with goodwill immediately. Also Sole Selling Agencies for Bombay and Suburbs; any line. Apply Box No. 4270, "Bombay Chronicle."

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Bandra (Suburban) Furnished Storied Bungalow with Spacious grounds for immediate Sale. Frigidaire, Telephone included. Rs 55,000/-. No Offers. Box No. 4320, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN GROUP—SLEEPER CONTROL

(TENDER No. 1/44-45)

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 10th April, 1944 for supply of Half Round B. G. and Half Round M. G. sleepers of the following species:—

Botanical Name	Common name
Toctona Grandis	Teak.
Mesua ferrea	Nahor Nangal Suruli.
Hopea parviflora	irupu irumbogam.

Full particulars may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5/- being the cost of tender documents to the Chief Auditor, B. N. Ry. House, Kidderpore, Calcutta, whose receipt for the amount must be produced before such documents can be issued. This sum will not be refunded.

T. M DUMBLE,
Sleeper Control Officer,
Eastern Group.
B. N. Railway House, Kidderpore, Calcutta, 28-2-1944. 8027

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N.W. F.P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE.

INVITES APPLICATIONS from British subjects (preferably domiciled in the Punjab or Delhi) and subjects of notified Punjab States, (Sikhs, Muslims and Statutory Agriculturists preferred) on or before the 3rd APRIL, 1944, on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by Treasury or M.O. receipt for Rs. 5/- for a temporary (for one year at present) post of LECTURER IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, Punjab College of Engineering and Technology, Lahore. Pay: Rs. 200-400 p.m. Age: Preferably not exceeding 30 years unless already in Government service. Qualifications: A good recognised Degree or Diploma in Engineering gained after a full regular course of study; sound practical training in Electrical Engineering; sound teaching experience and ability preferably in engineering subjects; and suitable personality to teach and to maintain discipline. Government servants eligible. Further particulars on application. (8068)

WANTED.

TYPISTS immediately on the following rates of pay:—

SPEED	RATE OF PAY. Rs.
35 words per minute	2/8/- p.d.
40 words per minute	3/- p.d.
45 words per minute	3/8/- p.d.
55 words per minute	4/- p.d.

Apply in writing to C.O.O., Ordnance Depot, Sewri, Bombay. (8065)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY DYEING & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Neville House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 30th March, 1944, at 10-30 A.M. (St. Time), for the transaction of the following business:

1. To adopt the Directors' Report, the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1943.
2. To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
3. To confirm the election of Mr. L. A. Halsall as a Director, who is eligible and offers himself for re-election under Article 77 of the Articles of Association.
4. To appoint a Director in place of Sir Ness Wadia, K.B.E., C.I.E., who retires from office, but is eligible and offers himself for re-election.
5. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Maneklal Premchand who retires from office, but is eligible and offers himself for re-election.
6. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
7. To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Directors.

By order of the Board,
NOWROSJEE WADIA & SONS.
Agents.
The Bombay Dyeing & Mfg., Co., Ltd.

Notice is also given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Friday, 17th March to Thursday, 30th March, 1944, both days inclusive.

The Dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the National Bank of India Ltd., Bombay, on or after Monday, the 10th April, 1944, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 30th March, 1944, to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

The shareholders are requested to at once notify any change of address.

Bombay, 9th March, 1944.

To,

The Shareholders of the Bombay Dyeing & Mfg. Co., Limited and in particular to:—

Mrs. Gladys Mary Ainsworth, Miss Beatrix E. Alston, C.H.T. Alston, Esq., Capt. John S. Alston, Miss Margaret S. Alston, Major W. H. S. Alston, Sir C. H. Armstrong, Kt., Miss E. B. Ashby, V. M. Clerk, Esqr., and Mrs. Rasila V. Clerk, Duncan Fraser, Esq., Stanley Hampson, Esq., James R. James, Esq., Mrs. Nan Ellis Jones, W. Ellis Jones, Esqr., Mrs. Dorothy M. H. MacLean, J. R. Macpherson, Esq., Mrs. A. K. Mawson, Husen Saleh Mia, Esqr., A. S. Parak, Esqr., Arthur Godwin Powell, Esqr., Jal P. Shroff, Esqr., and Mrs. S. J. Shroff, Mrs. Monti Garden Stirling, and Mrs. Elizabeth T. A. Thompson. (8070)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a temporary Clerk in the grade of Rs. 30-5/2-80, lasting from the 19th March to 27th April, 1944. Applicants should state their caste, age and qualifications. The applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 16th March, 1944, at the least.

(Sd.) B. M. BACON,
Secretary to the Resident for Kolhapur and the Deccan States. (8072)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICION

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.
and
In the matter of The Union Life Assurance Company Limited.
THE UNION LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, a Joint Stock Company, having its Registered Office at Dady House, Churchgate Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition was on the 3rd day of March, 1944, presented to the Hon'ble the Sitting Judge in Chambers by the abovenamed Company to confirm the alteration and extension of the said Company's objects proposed to be effected by a Special Resolution of the Company duly passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company held on the 12th day of February, 1944, and which resolution runs as follows: "That the provisions of the Memorandum of Association of the Company with respect to the Company's objects be altered in manner following:—

(a) After paragraph (3) of Clause (III), the following paragraphs shall be added:—

(3a) To carry on all kinds of insurance business and all kinds of guarantee and indemnity business, and in particular, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing words, to carry on fire, marine, accident, employers' liability, workmen's compensation, disease, sickness, survivorship, failure of issue, burglary and robbery, theft, fidelity guarantee and security, crop, horses, cattle and other live stock, and transit insurance.

(3b) To contract with leaseholders, borrowers, lenders, annuitants, and others for the establishment, accumulation, provision and payment of sinking funds, redemption funds, depreciation funds, renewal funds, endowment funds, and any other special funds, and that either in consideration of a lump sum, or of an annual premium, or otherwise, and generally on such terms and conditions as may be arranged.

(3c) To carry on the business of fire insurance in all its branches and to grant insurances against injury or damage to or loss of property directly or indirectly caused by or resulting from fire, storms, lightning, explosions, accident or otherwise.

(3d) To rebuild, repair, replace or reinstate houses, buildings, machinery and every other sort of property which may be insured by the Company and to carry on any kind of business or work necessary or expedient for any such purposes.

(3e) To carry on business of all kinds of transit-insurance.

(3f) To carry on business of accident insurance in all its branches.

(3g) To carry on the business of marine and aerial insurance in all its branches and in particular to make or effect insurance on ships, vessels, boats crafts and aeroplanes of all cargo and on goods, merchandise, live or dead stock, luggage, effects, specie, bullion, or other property, respondentia and bottomry interests, commissions and freights.

(3h) To insure all other matters and things which lawfully may or can be from time to time insured or be the subject of insurance against perils of the sea and also generally to carry on all other branches and departments of the business of marine insurance.

(3i) To join or subscribe to any salvage or protection, association or committee, whether mutual or otherwise, in any way connected with any of the objects of the Company or which may seem to the Company directly or indirectly conducive to its interests.

(3j) To insure all kinds of steam boilers against injury, damage or loss caused by explosion and to insure machinery, buildings and other property against injury, damage or loss consequent upon boiler, explosion or collapse of flues.

(3k) To insure hoists, lifts and cranes and weighing machines against the consequences of any mechanical defects.

(3l) To acquire or extinguish or otherwise deal with any insurance made with the Company.

(3m) To create or set aside out of the capital or revenue of the Company a special fund or special funds and to give to any class of its policyholders, annuitants or creditors any preferential right over any fund or funds so created and for such or any other purposes of the Company to place any portion of the Company's property in the names or under the control of trustees and to give any class of insurers a right to participate in the profits of the Company or any branch of its business.

(3n) To lend and advance money upon or without security including the lending of money upon policies issued by the Company or in respect of which it is liable and to apply any of the funds of the Company in buying up, cancelling, extinguishing or obtaining a release from any policy, contract or liability.

(b) Paragraph (5) of Clause (III) shall be omitted and the following paragraph shall be substituted therefor:—(5) To effect as agents for others assurances of every kind and against every and any contingency.

(c) The following words shall be added at the end of paragraph (17) of Clause (III):—'and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general or useful object'."

AND NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble the Sitting Judge in Chambers on THURSDAY, the 6th day of April, 1944, at 11 o'clock (N.S.T.) in the forenoon or so soon thereafter as Counsel can be conveniently heard, and any person interested in the said Company whether as creditor, policy-holder, or, otherwise, desirous to oppose the making of an order for the confirmation of the said alteration and extension under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for the purpose, and a copy of the said Petition will be furnished to any such person requiring the same by the Company's Attorneys Messrs. Amarchand and Mangaldas, Lentin Chambers, Third Floor, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Dated this 6th day of March, 1944.

AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Attorneys-for the Company. (8061)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

ELECTRIC LICENSE 1943

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. INDRAVADANLAL RATILAL, Sole Proprietor of the ANKLESHWAR ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY submitted an application to the Secretary to the Government Public Works Department, for the grant of License under Section 3 of the I. E. Act, 1910, to supply electric energy throughout the Municipal area of Ankleshwar and the area more particularly delineated on the deposited map by the green boundary line for the purpose and upon the terms specified in the draft license reproduced below.

Copies of the draft license may be obtained on payment of a sum of one rupee per copy and the map of the area of supply may be inspected at the Office of the Ankleshwar Municipality and of the Applicant.

Every local authority, company or persons desirous of making any representation to the local Government or of bringing before it any objection regarding the above application may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government, Public Works Department.

Within three months from the date of this notice, a copy of the representation or objection being furnished to the applicants at the same time—vide rules 13 and 14 of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922

The Ankleshwar Electric License, 1943.

License for the Supply of Electrical Energy granted by the Government of Bombay under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, as amended.

LICENSE is hereby granted to Mr. Indravadanlal Ratilal Hajiseth, sole proprietor of Ankleshwar Electric Supply Company carrying on business under the name and style of Ankleshwar Electric Supply Company and having his office at present at Haji Building No. 2, Bazar Road, Jambusar, for the supply of Electrical Energy in the area, with the powers and upon the terms and conditions as specified below:

1. Short Title:—This license may be cited as "The Ankleshwar Electric License, 1943."

2. Interpretations:—The several words terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, (as amended) or by the Rules thereunder, meanings are assigned shall have in this license and the Annexures hereto the same respective meanings provided that in this license.

(1) "The Act" shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, (as amended).

(2) "The rules" shall mean the rules made under the Act.

(3) The Expression: "The Licensee" shall mean and include the said Mr. Indravadanlal Ratilal Hajiseth carrying on business in the name and style of Ankleshwar Electric Supply Company and his permitted assigns.

(4) The expression "First Annexure" and "Second Annexure" shall mean the first and second annexures to this license respectively.

(5) The expression "Deposited Map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply as hereinafter specified, which has been deposited with the Government in pursuance of the rules under the Act, which plan is signed, for the purpose of identification, by the Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Public Works Department and by the license.

(6) The expression "The Government" shall mean the Provincial Government of Bombay.

3. COMMENCEMENT OF THE LICENSE:—This license shall come into force and have effect from the date of the notification by the Government in Bombay Government Gazette, which date is referred to this license as "The Commencement of this License."

4. SECURITY:—(1) The period within which the licensee shall show under clause 1 (a) of the Schedule to the Act that he is in a position fully and efficiently to discharge the duties and obligation imposed upon him by the license throughout the area of supply shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government under clause (b) of sub-section (3) of Section 4 of the Act, be one year from the commencement of this license.

(2) Unless otherwise ordered by the Government under clause (b) of Sub-section (3) of Section 4 of the Act, the sum which the licensee shall deposit or secure to the satisfaction of the Government under sub-clause (b) of clause 1 of the Schedule to the Act, shall be rupees two thousand and the period within which such sum shall be so deposited or secured shall be three months from the commencement of this license.

5. AREA OF SUPPLY: The area within which the supply of energy is authorised by this license shall be the whole area comprised within the Municipal Limits of the City of Ankleshwar and which are more particularly delineated on the deposited map by a green coloured boundary line, and are bounded as follows:—

NORTH—By River Nerbada.
EAST—By villages Dadhal and Jitall.
WEST—By village Sajod.
SOUTH—By villages Umraoda and Kosamdi.

Provided that nothing in this license shall be construed to prevent the B. B. & C. I. Railway, from generating energy or purchasing it from any other railway or Government Department for its own industrial domestic or other uses.

6. Area of Compulsory supply: (1) The licensee shall within a period of two years from the commencement of this license execute to the satisfaction of the Government of Bombay under clause IV of the Schedule to the Act the following works, viz., such works as may be required for the purpose of a general continuous supply of electrical energy throughout such streets or parts of streets as are mentioned in the first annexure to this license and are coloured red on the deposited map.

(2) In the case of any difference between the description of the streets mentioned in Annexure 1 and that indicated on the deposited map, the latter shall prevail.

(3) The licensee shall every six months submit reports to the Government and also to the Electrical Engineer to Government specifying the progress made upto-date from the commencement of license in the execution of the works in the compulsory area.

(4) If the licensee fails to comply with the above provisions or should, in the opinion of the Government, the progress made during any portion of the said period of two years be unsatisfactory the license may be revoked and the security furnished as per clause 4 (2) above forfeited.

7. Generating Station:—The generating station shall be within the area of supply above referred to.

8. Purposes of Supply:—(1) Subject to the provisions of this license and of the Act and the rules thereunder, the licensee shall be entitled during the continuance of this license to supply energy within the area of supply for all purposes except in bulk to other licensees for distribution purposes.

Provided that no supply of energy shall be commenced to be given by the licensee to any other owner or occupier of private premises until the licensee has completed all the works relating to the license and such works have been inspected by the Electric Inspector, Bombay Province, and passed by him in writing and until Government have approved:—

(a) the form of requisition to be made by such owner or occupier for such supply of energy;

(b) the form of written contract or agreement to be executed or entered into by such owner or occupied with the licensee;

(c) the amount of all miscellaneous charges which the licensee proposes to make against such owner or occupier, as incidental to or in connection with such supply;

Provided further that when all the works have not been completed by the licensee nevertheless desires to commence to give supply of energy in a portion or portions of the area of supply, the licensee shall do so only with the express permission of the Electrical Engineer to Government, whose decision in the matter shall be final.

(2) Clauses V, VI, VII, VIII, X, and XI of the Schedule to the Act shall, wherever necessary be read as expressly added to or varied to the extent set out in the proviso to sub-clause (1) of this clause.

(3) The licensee shall not supply energy to any premises unless the owner or occupier of such premises shall have satisfied the licensee that all work including repairs relating to electric wires, fittings, and apparatus on such premises has been carried out by a licensed electrical contractor and under the supervision of Class I competency certificate holder under the rules issued by the Government in this behalf or by such other person as may be authorised to carry out such works under Rule No. 40-A of the Rules and Clause VI to the Schedule to the Act shall be deemed to be modified accordingly.

9. Systems of Supply:—(A) The systems of supply of energy which may be adopted for the purpose of this license shall be the following:—

Alternating current, single or three phase, three or four wire, periodicity fifty cycles per second. The pressure of supply at the consumer's terminals shall be as under:—

(a) 230 Volt between each phase and neutral for general purposes viz. lights, fans, heaters, etc.

(b) 400 Volts between phases for motive power purposes and purposes other than those specified in i (a) above;

(c) any pressure upto 6600 volts for feeders and for supply to any larger consumers for power purposes.

Provided always (i) that the licensee may from time to time with the previous consent in writing of, and subject to such limitations and conditions as may be prescribed in writing by Government, adopt any other system of supply for the purpose of this license and (ii) that no high tension mains shall be brought within or near the populated areas without the specific sanction of Government in each case.

(B) The feeders distributing mains and service lines may be laid overhead or underground provided that wherever and whenever specifically required to do so in writing by Government, such feeders, distributing mains or service lines shall be laid underground.

Provided also that:

(a) No work or works shall be commenced by the licensee unless and until the method of construction has been previously approved in writing by the Electrical Engineer to Government;

(b) Where any overhead electric supply line crosses or is placed alongside the routes of Tabbot or similar religious processions the wires shall be laid underground or at a height as will allow of the free and safe passage of the processions, or shall be temporarily removed;

(c) In narrow lanes or streets the poles for overhead mains shall be placed at the extreme edge of the lane or street and a special construction to be approved by the Electrical Engineer to Government shall be adopted to keep the wires clear of every building;

(d) No poles for overhead lines shall be erected in streets or thoroughfares less than 8 feet in width for vehicular traffic;

(e) Nothing in this license shall authorise the licensee to use overhead mains at a pressure higher than the medium pressure without the written sanction of Government in each case and subject to any conditions or limitations which Government may prescribe in that behalf.

(C) Due precautions shall be taken to avoid any possible interference with the adjacent telephone or telegraph circuits due to inductive effects. The electric wires shall be suitably transposed where necessary.

(D) For the purpose of rule 68 (2) of the rules, the maximum wind pressure shall be taken as 15 lbs. per square foot.

10. RATES:—Limits of prices to be charged:—The limits of prices to be charged in respect of supply of energy are specified in the Second Annexure to this license. The licensee shall however be entitled to charge special rates not exceeding the maximum charges for energy required for temporary periods for special occasions such as a public or private festival etc., such rates to be decided by agreement before connection is made.

11. BREAKING UP OF STREETS:—The length of trenches to be opened on any one time and the period for which they may remain open, shall be determined from time to time by Government or the local authority by which such streets are repairable.

When any street is crossed not more than one half of the width of such street shall without the specific authority in writing of the Government or the local authority as aforesaid, be closed for traffic.

12. BREAKING UP OF RAILWAYS:—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 12 of the Act, the licensee is hereby specially authorised within the area of supply to break up the soil and pavement of the portions of the B. B. & C. I. Rly. so far only as concerns, level crossings and the portions of the said railway running along the highway. Any difference or dispute arising between the licensee and the said railway by reason of the exercise by the licensee of the powers conferred on him by this clause, shall, subject to the provisions of section 13 and 16 to be determined by Government whose decision shall be final.

13. PURHASE OF THE UNDERTAKING:—(a) The option of purchase given by section 7 of the Act shall be first exercisable on the expiration of fifty years from the date of the commencement of this license and on the expiration of every subsequent period of 20 years. The percentage to be added to the market value on account of compulsory purchase of the lands, buildings, works, materials and plant, shall under the provisions of the second proviso to section 7, sub-section (1) of the Act be 10 per centum.

(b) In accordance with sub-section (2) clause (d) (ii) of section 3 of the Act it is hereby declared that the generating station to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5 or section 7 of the Act.

14. ASSIGNMENT OF THE LICENSE:—At any time of the commencement of this license the licensee may, with the previous consent in writing of the Government of Bombay and subject to compliance with such conditions upon which such consent may be given, assign this license or transfer the whole of the undertaking in respect of which this license is granted (including all lands, buildings, works, materials and plant of the licensee) to any individual or Company formed or to be formed and registered in the province of Bombay in accordance with the law for the time being in force in British India, or in Great Britain under any enactment relatment relating to companies for the time being in force there and having authority to take over the license and the said undertaking as the case may be and to exercise the powers and perform the obligations given to or imposed upon the licensee under this license, the Act, and the Rules, and such assignment or transfer the rights, power, authorities, obligations and liabilities of the licensee shall be exercised by and shall attach to such individual or company formed or to be formed as aforesaid.

FIRST ANNEXURE

Area of Compulsory Supply.

1. From Peeraman Naka to Mamlatdar's Kacheri via Goya Bazar Road.

2. From Peeraman Naka to Mamlatdar's Kacheri via Andandi Bhagol, Chauta Bazar and Panchatdi Bazar.

3. From Peeraman Naka to Desai Falla via Halimsha, Kaji Falla, Subhanwad and Samdi Falla.

SECOND ANNEXURE.

Maxima Charges

CLAUSE 1.—The term "Unit" as used in this annexure shall be deemed to mean the energy contained in a current of 1,000 amperes (one thousand amperes) flowing under an electro-motive force of one volt during an hour.

CLAUSE 2.—The following are the maximum which the licensees are entitled to charge:—

(1) For energy used for lighting and fans—A rate of annas six per unit.

(2) For heaters, Refrigerators, and for small power (below 1 h.p.) purposes—A rate of annas three per unit.

(3) A minimum charge of Rupees three only per calendar month (exclusive of meter rent) shall be charged separately for cases referred to under clauses (1) and (2) irrespective of whether energy to that value has been consumed or not.

(4) For motive power purposes and purposes other than those mentioned in clauses (1) and (2) above the following maximum charges shall be levied:—

(a) Upto and including 3 K.W.—A standing charge of Rs. 3/- per K.W. per mensem plus annas two and pies six per unit.

(b) Over 3 K.Ws.—A standing charge of Rs. 3/- per K.W. per mensem plus annas two per unit.

(5) The rents to be charged for meters on hire shall not exceed, Annas eight per month for a single phase A.C. meter. Rupee one per month for a three phase meter.

(6) Where energy is not supplied through a meter, a fixed rate of Rs. 1-8-0 per mensem shall be charged for a twenty watt light and Rs. 1-4-0 for every additional twenty watts or part thereof burning for not more than six hours per night. The maximum wattage to be given to any consumer under this rating shall be watts only.

(7) Without prejudice to anything in the two preceding clauses of this Annexure or in clause 10 of this license the licensee shall be authorised to enter into a contract either with the public or a Municipality or a Railway to supply energy on such basis and on such rates as not to exceed the maximum rates prescribed in in clause 2 of this annexure.

Dated this.....

THE ANKLESHWAR ELECTRIC SUPPLY CO.,
Haji Building, Bazar Road,
JAMBUSAR

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The Divisional Engineer, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders upto 12 hours on 17-3-44 for constructing Booking Offices and earthwork in Bank for halt stations at miles 99 and 101 S. E. Line. The Form of Tender, Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2 per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- being made. These sums will not be refunded. (8058)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT IMAMWADA PIROO LANE.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver High Court, pursuant to the Decretal Order of Reference to Commissioner passed in Suit No. 1032 of 1943 (Balvantrao K. Desai Esq., V|S. Jumabhai Husseinbhai & ors. on the 14th September, 1943) M|s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd March, 1944, at 4-30 P.M. (N.S.T.) the undermentioned at the premises.

ALL that piece of Pension & Tax land (now redeemed) admeasuring about 244 Sq. Yds. with building thereon situate at Imamwada Rd. Piroo lane bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1684 in Mandvi Division, Municipal "B" Ward Nos. 2348, 3408, St. Nos. 49, 84 & 92 and bounded on the East and North by the property of Ahmedbhai Husseinbhai, on the West by Piroo Lane and on the South by Jail Rd. now Imamwada Rd.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M|s. M. N Manker & Co. C. R's Attorneys or the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

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